

**PCN Insights Pack 2024** 

Alliance

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Working together for a healthier future



## Introduction

This latest version of the PCN pack has been developed around the ICB Clinical Priorities signed off by the ICB Board in March 23 and how they align to the population outcomes we are aiming to achieve. (See tables on the right hand side.)

The data contained within this pack compares the PCN data against Place and ICB. An overview table of all the data is available on the following page with areas of opportunity highlighted.

Some data will not be available at PCN level e.g. mortality rate for CVD. Where this is the case, proxy measures that will lead to improving this will be included e.g. early identification.

Where opportunities link with areas within the ECF or QOF a selection of related indicators have been shared alongside a link to Ardens Manager.

The data within this pack are shown at PCN level and are health focused. However to improve outcomes for our population, input from many partners is required. This pack can facilitate discussion within your Integrated Neighbourhood Teams as described within the Primary Care Strategy and also the wider HCP transformation spaces supported by your Primary Care Transformation leads.

Packs for other PCNs, Localities and Place can be found:

<u>Population health management – Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System</u> (hertsandwestessexics.org.uk)

Here you can also find previous PCN packs outlining the descriptive demographics for the PCNs.

Area	Clinical Priority
СҮР	<ul> <li>Improved Readiness for school in children eligible for FSM</li> <li>Reduce rates of Childhood obesity</li> <li>Reduced unnecessary A&amp;E attendances and admissions</li> </ul>
Prevention and Health Inequalities	Reduced premature mortality rate for CVD
LTC & Frailty	<ul> <li>Reduce attendance and admissions for falls, people with frailty and people in last year of life</li> <li>Development of more proactive, preventative care models for management of LTC and Frailty</li> </ul>
Mental Health	<ul> <li>Reducing suicide rates and attendances/ admission rates for self-harm</li> <li>Reducing rates of A&amp;E attendances involving substance misuse and violence</li> </ul>

Outcome	Definition
Improve life expectancy	Average age at death for people who have died in the last 12 months
Improve healthy life expectancy	Average age of people who have left the 'healthy' segment in the last 12 months
Reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity	Proportion of the registered population who are in the advanced disease and complexity segment (segment)
Reduce the rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency hospital admissions	Rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency admissions in the last 12 months
Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions	Spend on Emergency hospital admissions within a financial year



## **Alliance PCN at a Glance**

The table on the right provides a summary of the data contained within this pack. It highlights how the PCN data compares with Place and ICB.

For Alliance PCN areas of potential opportunity highlighted are :

- Childhood obesity
- CYP admissions for asthma
- CYP admissions for wheeze
- Observed versus expected prevalence of LTC
- Identification and control of hypertension, secondary prevention CVD who are on low and medium intensity statins
- Diabetes 8 care processes
- Admissions for ACS conditions
- Dementia identification

The following link takes you to Ardens Manager where there are reports. Here you will find the latest information on identification of LTCs and details of case finding Ardens searches available within EMIS and Systmone.

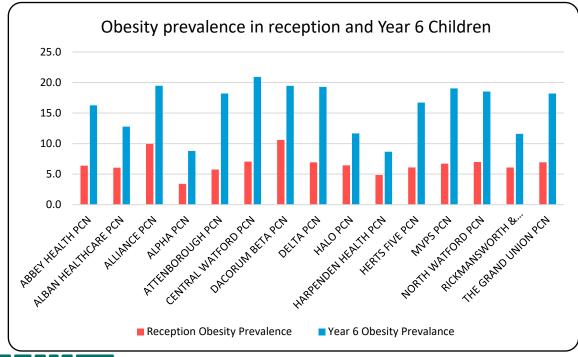
Clinical Priority	Metric	PCN compared to Place average	PCN compared to ICB average
Childhood obesity	% of children in Reception who are overweight	↑	↑
Childhood obesity	% of children in Year 6 who are overweight	↑	↑
	A&E Attendances for Asthma (Children)	↑	$\checkmark$
Reduce rates of	Admissions for Asthma (Children)	↑	1
emergency care for children and young	Admissions for Wheeze (Children)	↑	1
people	Admissions for Diabetes (Children)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	Admissions for Epilepsy (Children)	↑	1
	Lifestyle risk factors: Smoking	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
	Observed versus expected prevalence	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Prevention and health	Annual Reviews completed for LTCs	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
inequalities (Premature mortality for CVD)	% of people with AF treated with Anti Coagulant	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
, ,	Control of hypertension	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Preventative, Proactive	Identification of hypertension	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
care models for LTC	% of people for secondary prevention CVD who are on low and medium intensity statins	↑	↑
	% of diabetics with all 8 care processes completed	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
	Admissions for ACS conditions	↑	1
Preventative, Proactive	Admissions for falls (75+)	$\checkmark$	$\leftrightarrow$
care models for frailty and EOL	Admissions for Hip Fractures (75+)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Mental Health	Prevalence of Mental Health Conditions including LD	🔸 (Dementia)	🗸 (Dementia)
wental Health	Admissions for Self-Harm	$\leftrightarrow$	Ť

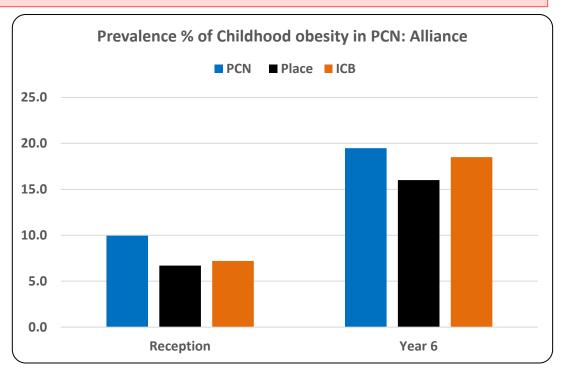
#### https://app.ardensmanager.com/login

## **Rates of Childhood Obesity**

CYP outcome – Every child will have the best start and live a healthy life ICB overarching outcome of Improving Healthy life expectancy

- Compared to the ICB and Place rate, Alliance PCN has a higher rate of Childhood Obesity for Children in Reception and year 6. 10% of children in reception are recorded as obese which increase to nearly 20% for year 6.
- In keeping with the national data, the PCN rate for Childhood Obesity are higher for year 6 in comparison to reception children.



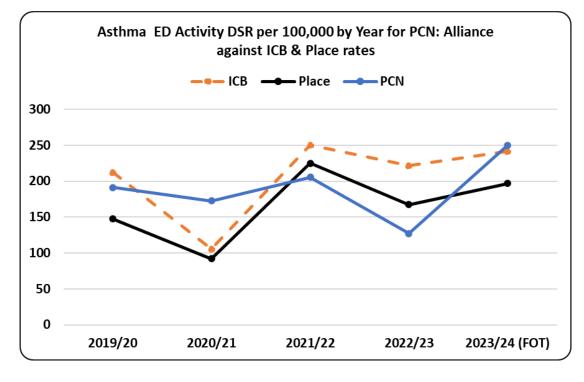


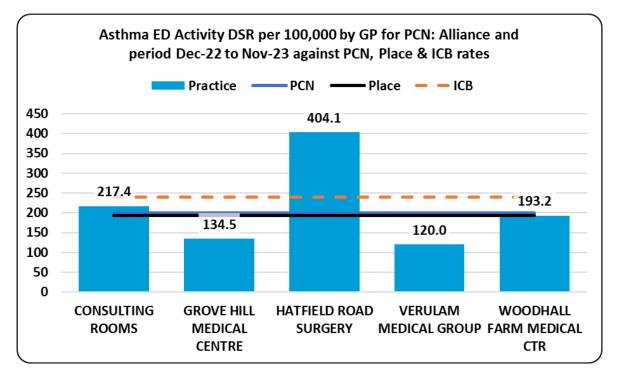


### A&E attendances for Asthma (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

- Alliance PCN has a higher rate of A&E attendances for Children and Young People with Asthma (rolling years data on the right-hand side) compared with place but lower than ICB.
- There is variation in the rate of A&E attendances for children within the PCN.
- The Children and Young Peoples programme can be contacted via <u>hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net</u> for details of projects underway.

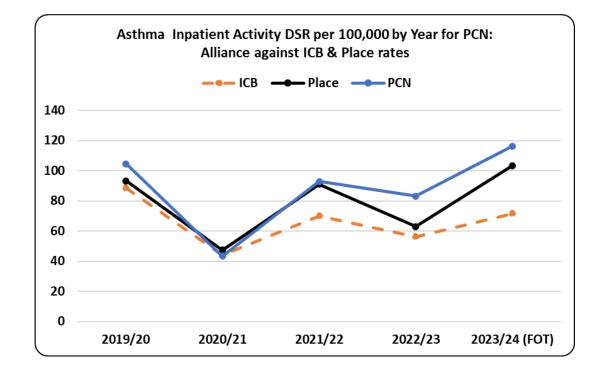




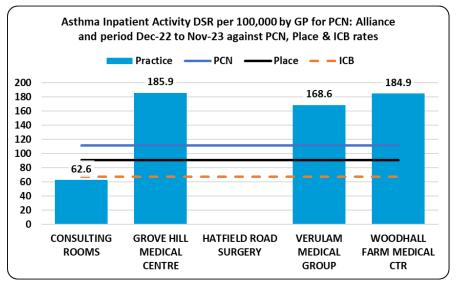


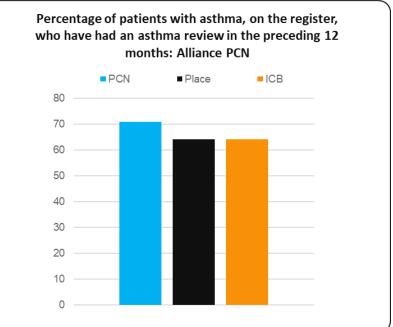
#### Admissions for Asthma (CYP)

- Compared to Place and the ICB, Alliance PCN has a higher rate of A&E admissions for Asthma (rolling years data on the right-hand side).
- The trend data shows an increasing trend since 20/21.
- Higher Proportion of Asthma Reviews are carried out within Alliance PCN in comparison to Place and the ICB, however the QOF is for all ages and children specific reviews cannot be identified within the data.
- The Children and Young Peoples programme can be contacted via <a href="https://www.hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net">hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net</a> for details of projects underway.



CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity





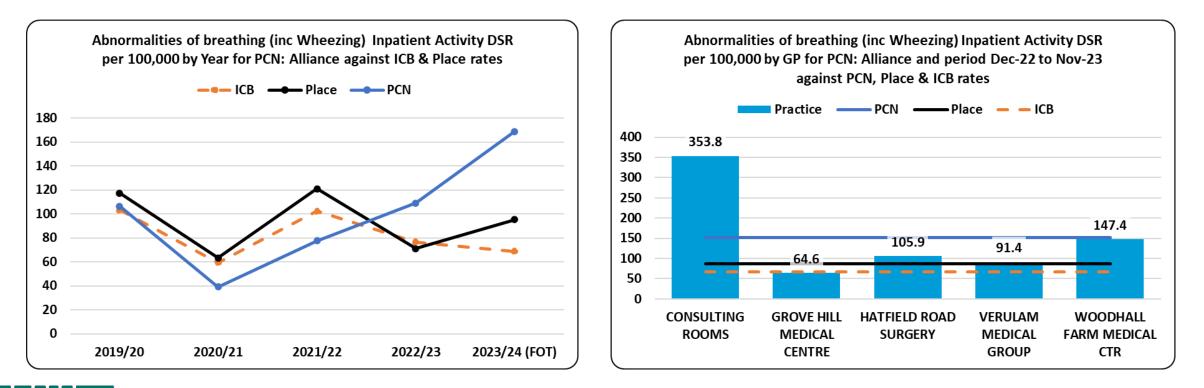
Source: SUS; QOF

### Admissions for Wheeze (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

• Alliance PCN has a higher rates of Children and Young People admitted to hospital for abnormalities of breathing including wheeze compared to ICB and Place.

- The trend data shows an increasing trend in admissions since 20/21.
- When looking at the data by practice Consulting Rooms has higher rate of Children and Young People admitted to Hospital for Wheeze in comparison with place and ICB.

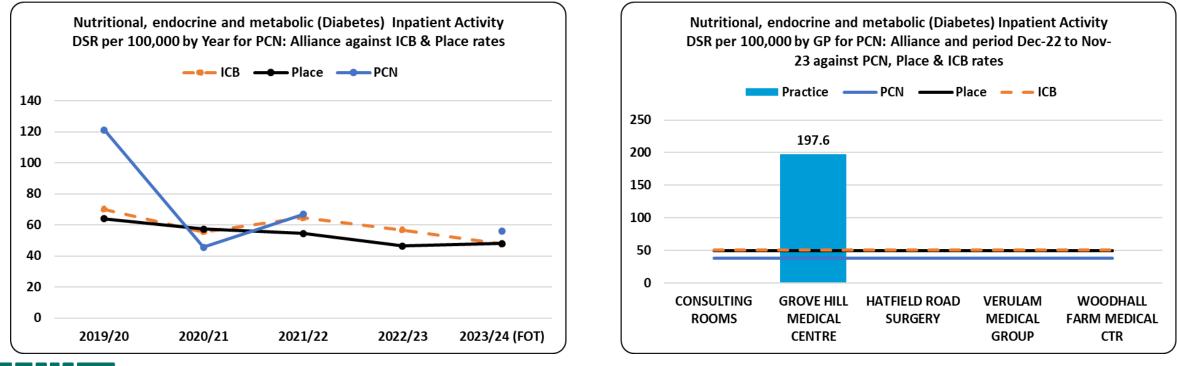


Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System

#### Admissions for Diabetes (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

- Diabetes is identified as an area of focus within the Core 20 plus 5 for children. Alliance rate of admission for diabetes in children is lower than both place and ICB.
- The numbers of children admitted for diabetes are small and this should be considered when looking at the data. There were only recorded admissions from on practice within the latest 12 months of data up until Nov 23.
- The data for diabetes will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.





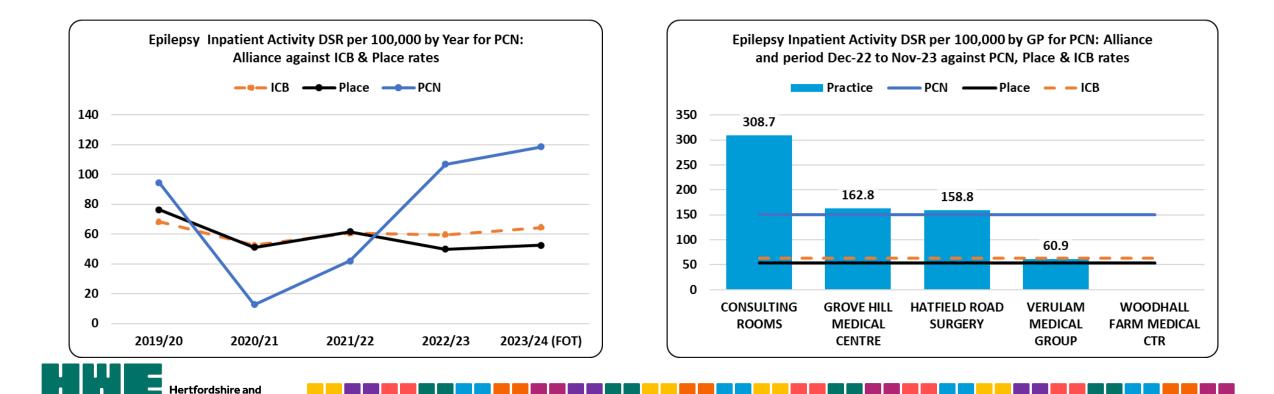
## Admissions for Epilepsy (CYP)

West Essex Integrated

**Care System** 

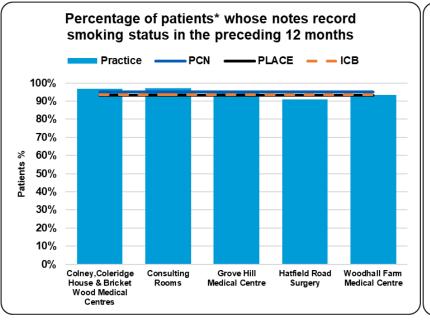
CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

- Epilepsy is identified as an area of focus within the Core 20 plus 5 for children.
- The numbers of children admitted for epilepsy are small and therefore fluctuations in the trend are more prominent. The latest data for Alliance PCN shows a higher rate than place and ICB.
- The data for epilepsy will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.

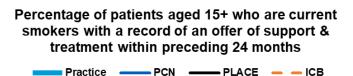


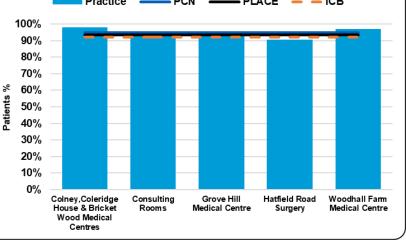
## Prevention and health inequalities – Lifestyle factors - Smoking

- Alliance PCN data for smoking shows a similar picture to the Place and ICB.
- The table to the right gives detail by condition of the opportunity for further recording of smoking status. This shows the position in January. The latest position can be found on <u>https://app.ardensmanager.com/login</u>

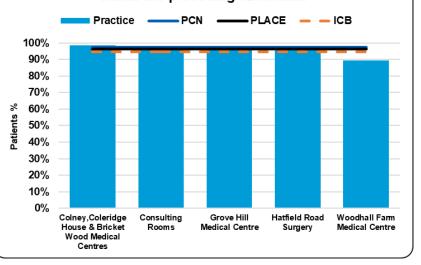


	ECF 2023-24 - Condition Section Under Smoker, Smoking Status, and Smoking Status Recorded - as of Jan. 2024										
	Pre-Di	abetes	Diab	oetes	Atrial Fibrillation						
	Remaining % of	Smoking Available	Remaining % of	Smoking Available	Remaining % of	Smoking Available					
Practices	Population with a	Patients - Number	Population with a	Patients - Number	Population with a	Patients - Number					
	Smoking status		Smoking status		Smoking status						
Consulting Rooms	29%	462	8%	555	0%	11					
Grove Hill Medical Centre	21%	289	10%	404	0%	9					
Hatfield Road Surgery	57%	271	35%	360	0%	0					
Verulam Medical Group	49%	323	20%	451	0%	5					
Woodhall Farm Medical Ctr	42%	84	40%	212	0%	1					





Percentage of patients\* who are current smokers with a record of an offer of support & treatment within the preceding 12 months







\* with any or any combination of the following conditions: CHD, PAD, stroke or TIA, hypertension, diabetes, COPD, CKD, asthma, schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder or other psychoses

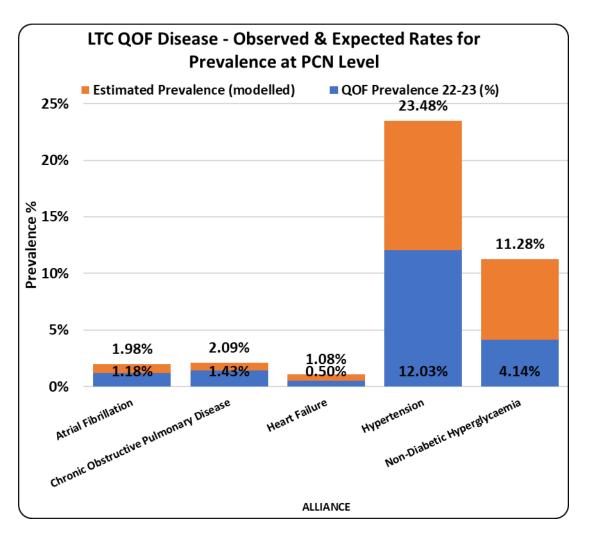
Source: Link: QOF Data Set & ECF Jan. 2024

#### Prevention and health inequalities Early Identification: Expected vs observed prevalence

- The data on this page shows the national modelled estimated prevalence for the PCN compared with the latest published QOF prevalence for the PCN.
- Alliance PCN recorded prevalence compared with the modelled estimated prevalence for the PCN is lower across all conditions.
- The data shows an opportunity for further identification for these conditions. Case finding searches can be found within the Ardens Suite of searches: <u>https://app.ardensmanager.com/login</u>

	No. of New Diagnoses	elling for Alliance PCN - s to Meet ICS & PLACE 2023/24
Disease/ Condition	Number to meet ICS rate	Number to meet PLACE rate
Asthma	1552	189
Atrial Fibrillation	66	208
Chronic Kidney Disease	714	356
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	6	81
Coronary Heart Disease Diabetes Mellitus	725	127
Epilepsy	149	13
Heart Failure		72
Hypertension	3694	641
Non-Diabetic Hyperglycaemia		770
Peripheral Arterial Disease	116	25
Stroke and Transient Ischaemic Attack	440	109

LTC Outcome – Proportion of people with a long-term condition who feel able to manage their condition ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity







Source: HWE PHM & Public Health Team, Fingertips & NHS Digital QOF Data Sets Link: QOF Data Set & Fingertips Data Set Example of Methodology in Estimating Prevalence: Fingertips & \*Fingertips

#### **Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC - Prevalence**

LTC Outcome – Reduce the proportion of people with a long-term condition who are in the advanced disease & complexity or frailty & end of life segments

ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

- Following the expected and observed prevalence modelling in the previous slide, where there are opportunities this slide looks at the recorded prevalence by practice for the PCN compared with Place and ICB.
- The development of an ICB Data Platform will create a longitudinal record for our patients which will allow the data to be viewed by different characteristics such as deprivation, ethnicity, co-morbidities.
- For LTCs, QOF and ECF data can help us understand areas of opportunity for improving outcomes for our population living with LTCs.

				Alliance PCN - Long-Term Conditions 2022-23 QOF Prevalence, with 3 Year Trend.									
	QOF 22- 23 -	QOF 22- 23 -	QOF 22- 23 -		HATFIELD ROAD SURGERY		CONSULTING ROOMS		MEDICAL	WOODHALL FARM MEDICAL CTR		VERULAM MEDICAL GROUP	
QOF Disease/ Condition	ICB %	PLACE %	PCN %	QOF 2022		QOF 2022		QOF 2022		QOF 2022		QOF 2022-	
				23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend
Asthma	6.16%	5.84%	5.25%	4.39%		5.88%		6.75%	$\sim$	4.56%	$\sim$	4.69%	$\sim$
Atrial fibrillation	2.09%	2.01%	1.18%	0.64%		2.02%		1.64%	_	0.64%	$\checkmark$	0.99%	
Chronic kidney disease	3.46%	3.84%	2.09%	2.17%		3.17%		3.14%	$\sim$	1.23%	$\checkmark$	0.74%	
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	1.49%	1.39%	1.43%	0.62%		2.71%	$\checkmark$	1.90%		1.08%		0.85%	
Diabetes mellitus	6.63%	6.56%	7.51%	7.10%		8.29%	$\checkmark$	8.39%		7.07%	$\checkmark$	6.69%	
Epilepsy	0.70%	0.70%	0.71%	0.38%		0.70%		0.88%	/	0.89%	$\sim$	0.69%	
Heart Failure	0.80%	0.72%	0.50%	0.30%		0.97%	$\sim$	0.65%	$\checkmark$	0.38%		0.20%	
Hypertension	13.84%	13.36%	12.03%	8.65%	$\overline{}$	15.84%		16.79%		9.74%	$\checkmark$	9.15%	
Non-diabetic hyperglycaemia	6.42%	7.43%	4.14%	5.38%		2.64%	$\sim$	4.82%	$\sim$	3.19%	/	4.68%	/
Peripheral arterial disease	0.44%	0.41%	0.38%	0.17%		0.39%		0.75%	/	0.38%	$\searrow$	0.23%	
Secondary prevention of coronary heart disease	2.67%	2.62%	2.16%	1.65%		2.71%	~	2.61%	/	2.04%	$\overline{}$	1.77%	
Stroke and transient ischaemic attack	1.63%	1.53%	1.16%	0.67%	/	1.65%	$\sim$	1.41%	/	1.18%	$\checkmark$	0.87%	$\overline{}$



West Essex Integrated Care System

Source: HWE PHM & Public Health Team, Fingertips & NHS Digital QOF Data Sets Link: QOF Data Set & Fingertips Data Set Example of Methodology in Estimating Prevalence: Fingertips

#### **Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC : Annual Reviews**

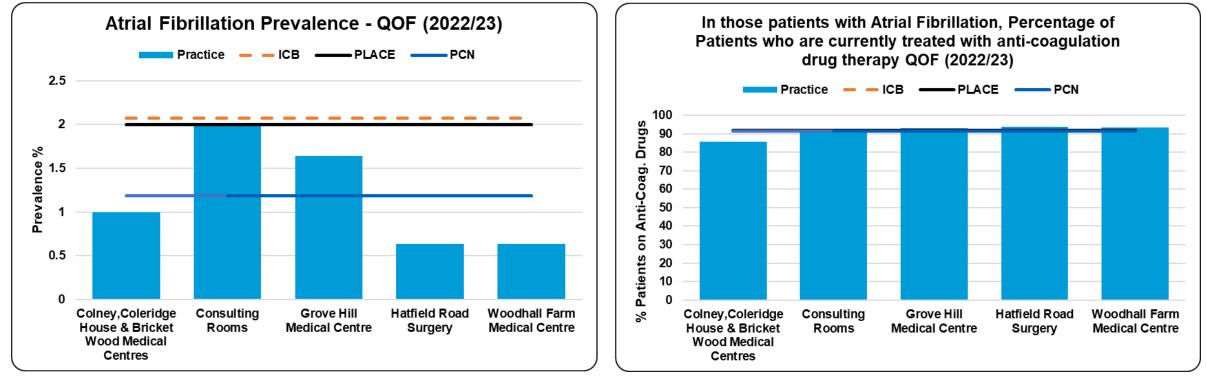
- The table on the right shows a summary of the percentage of patients receiving an annual review or risk assessment by condition.
- Where the cell is highlighted the percentage is lower than the place value.
- Two areas of opportunity for the PCN are BP recording of patients over 45 and non-diabetic hyperglycaemia.
- Alliance PCN shows a higher proportion of AF patients with stroke risk assessed than both place and ICB.
- The source of data in this table is QOF national reporting. More detailed information with the latest position is available to practices via <u>https://app.ardensmanager.com/login</u>

	ICB	SWH		Colney,Cole ridge House & Bricket Wood Medical Centres	Consulting Rooms	Grove Hill Medical Centre	Hatfield Road Surgery	Woodhall Farm Medical Centre
% of AF Patients with Stroke Risk Assessed in the last 12 months	92.9	94.2	98.7	96.2	99.0	98.4	100.0	100.0
The % of patients aged 45 or over who have a record of <b>blood pressure</b> in the preceding 5 years	85.7	85.1	79.4	73.4	83.2	89.2	73.4	76.0
The % of patients with a diagnosis of heart failure on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months	72.7	80.0	83.3	92.9	82.8	84.4	62.5	100.0
The % of patients with asthma, on the register, who have had an asthma review in the preceding 12 months	64.0	64.1	70.8	58.7	82.0	71.7	69.0	68.5
The % of patients with COPD, on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months	75.7	75.3	68.5	61.7	75.4	81.9	51.5	23.5
The % of patients with diabetes, on the register, with a record of a foot examination and risk classification: 1) low risk (normal sensation, palpable pulses), 2) increased risk (neuropathy or absent pulses), 3) high risk (neuropathy or absent pulses plus deformity or skin changes in previous ulcer) or 4) ulcerated foot within the preceding 12 months	75.5	76.1	78.0	73.8	77.2	91.6	80.7	58.0
The % of patients with non-diabetic hyperglycaemia who have had an HbA1c or fasting blood glucose performed in the preceding 12 months.	82.9	84.0	80.1	72.2	79.1	92.3	85.8	61.3



## **Prevention and health inequalities – Atrial Fibrillation**

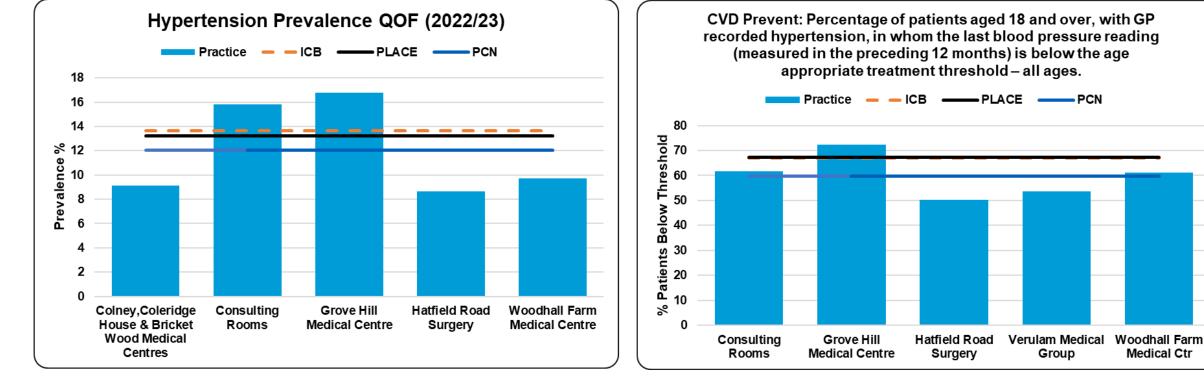
- Alliance PCN recorded prevalence for Atrial Fibrillation is lower than both Place and the ICB.
- Once identified the percentage of patients currently treated with anti-coagulant drug therapy is similar to the Place and ICB and data on the previous page shows high percentage with stroke risk assessed.
- The data suggests there is further opportunity for identification of people with AF. Case finding Ardens searches are detailed within https://app.ardensmanager.com/login



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## **Prevention and health inequalities – Hypertension**

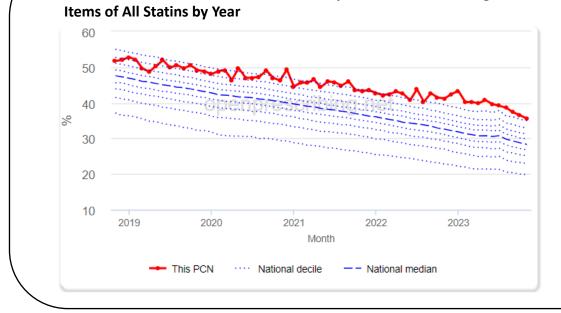
- Alliance PCN recorded prevalence for hypertension is lower than both Place and the ICB.
- Once identified the data shows the percentage of patients in whom the latest BP reading is below the age-appropriate treatment threshold is lower than Place and ICB, with variation between the practices.
- The data suggests there is further opportunity for identification of people with hypertension. Case finding Ardens searches are detailed within https://app.ardensmanager.com/login





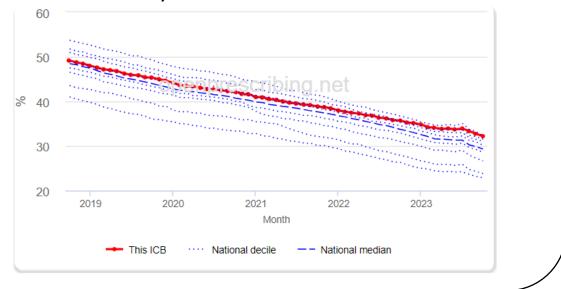
# **Lipid management:** Percentage of people on lipid lowering therapy for secondary prevention who are on low and medium intensity statins

- National lipid management pathways (Link to guidance) recommend the use of high intensity statins for all people with a history of Cardiovascular disease as well as where high dose statins are needed to control cholesterol. People on high intensity statins will see a greater reduction in c-LDL levels and reduce the risk of cardiovascular events.
- Data from OpenPrescribing provides information on the proportion of people who are on statins that are currently prescribed low or medium intensity doses. The ICS is a negative outlier in this area, with a high proportion of people not on a high intensity statin.
- The data for Alliance PCN shows that there is an opportunity to improve statin treatment, prescribing a higher proportion of people onto high intensity statins. The PCN is in the 92nd percentile with 35.5% of people not on high intensity statins. This compares to 28.3% nationally.



PCN – Items of Low and Medium Intensity Statins as a Percentage of

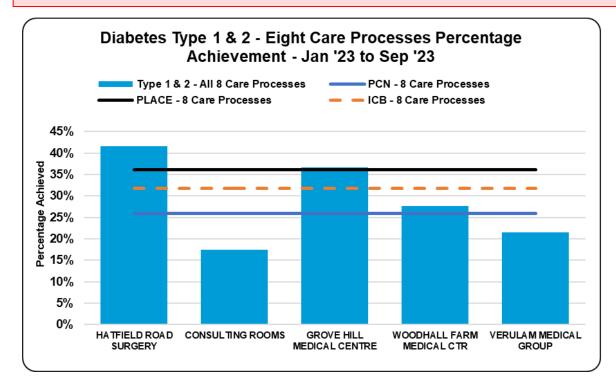
ICB – Items of Low and Medium Intensity Statins as a Percentage of Items of All Statins by Year

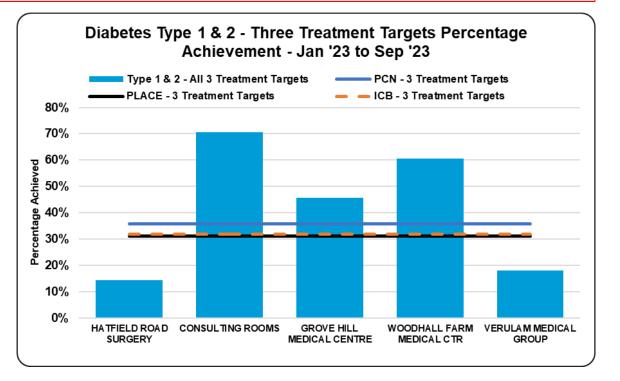




## Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC : 8 Care Processes & 3 treatment targets (all diabetes type 1 & 2)

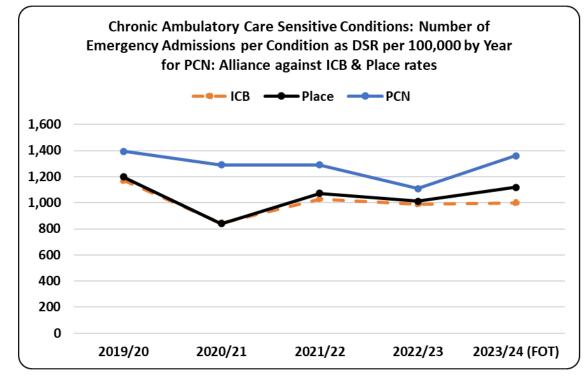
- The percentage of people living with diabetes who have received the 8 care processes in Alliance PCN is lower than the ICB and place value. However, for the three treatment targets the PCN data shows a higher percentage than Place and ICB.
- The latest information can be found within Ardens Manager.



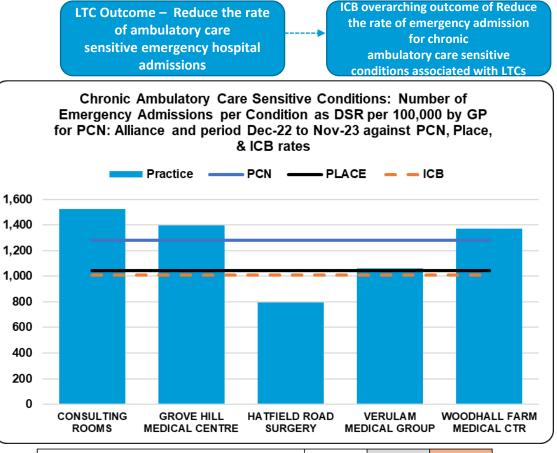




#### Reduction in admissions rates of Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive (ACS) conditions



- Ambulatory care sensitive (ACS) conditions are conditions where effective community care and person-centred care can help prevent the need for hospital admission. (Nuffield Trust)
- Alliance PCN's admission rate for Chronic ACS conditions is higher than the ICB and place rates.
- COPD, Heart Failure, and diseases of the blood have the highest rates and are also showing an upward trend.
- The data on page 11 looking at observed versus expected prevalence shows an opportunity for further identification of those with Heart Failure.



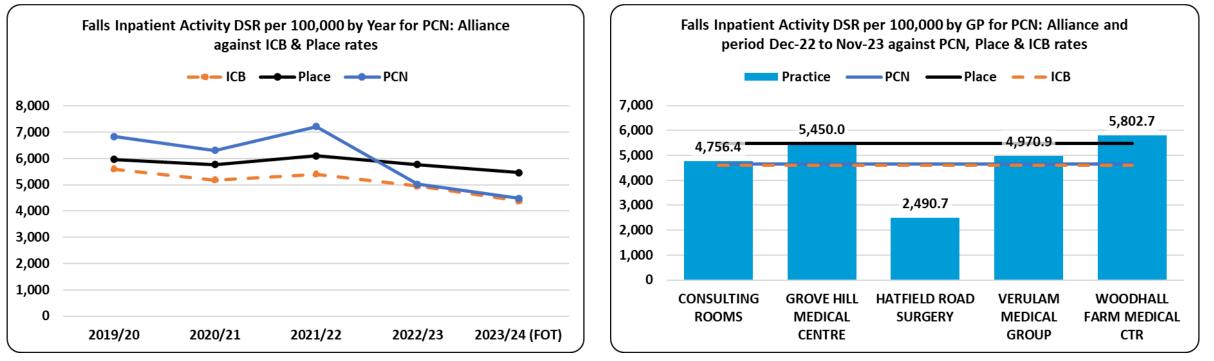
Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions for Alliance PCN	PCN Per 100,000 Rate Apr-23 to Nov-23	5 Year Trend	2024/25 Trajectory
Angina: Angina pectoris	9.20		UP
Asthma	123.63	$\sim\sim$	UP
Atrial fibrillation and flutter	158.52	$\sim \sim$	UP
COPD	234.61	$\sim$	UP
Congestive heart failure	221.24	$\sim$	UP
Diseases of the blood	353.93	$\sim$	UP
Epilepsy	46.77	$\searrow$	UP
Hypertension	93.52	$\sim$	UP
Mental and behavioural disorders		$\overline{}$	
Nutritional, endocrine and metabolic	119.07	$\sim$	UP

## Emergency Admission rates for Falls in persons aged +75

Frailty and EoL Outcome – Decrease rates of +75s emergency admissions for falls within the community

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions

- When looking at the rolling 12 months up to November 2023 the data shows that Alliance PCN has a lower rate of admissions for falls than Place and similar to ICB.
- The trend information shows a decreasing trend for the PCN.
- Data in the following pages shows the data for the PCN compared with Place and PCN for areas within the ECF that aim to support reducing falls. Frailty Clinical Leads will be able to advise on current programmes of work within your area aimed at reducing falls.





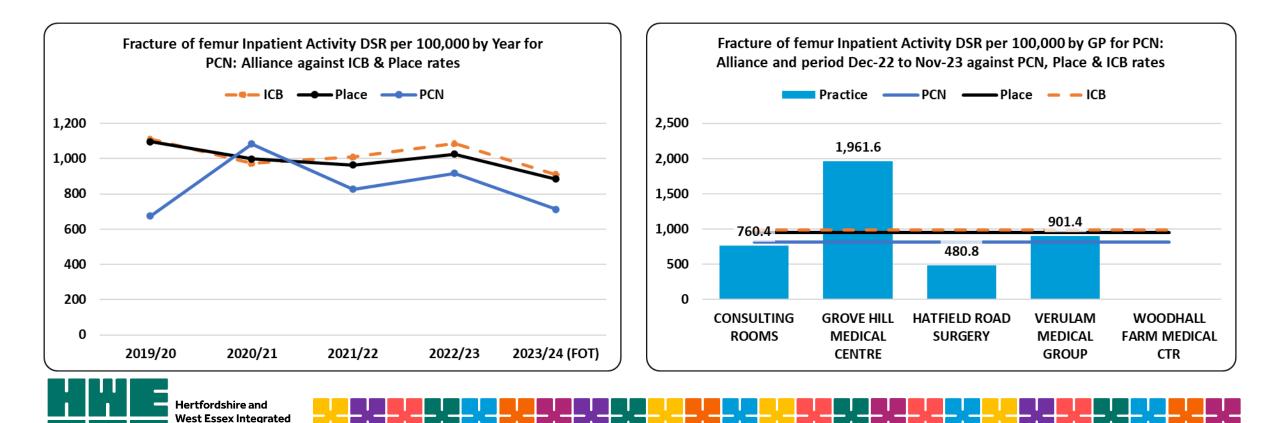
#### **Emergency admission rates for Hip fractures** in all over 75's

**Care System** 

Frailty and EoL Outcome – Decrease rates of +75s emergency admissions for falls within the community

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions

- The data for hip fractures in the over 75s shows that Alliance PCN has a lower rate than both the Place and the ICB.
- When looking at the data by PCN the small numbers will cause fluctuations over the years, however the data shows consistent lower rates than ICB and place for the last 3 years.
- The ECF indicators on the next page shows potential areas of opportunity through benchmarking the PCN against Place and ICB.



Source: SUS

## **ECF indicators for frailty and EOL**

- The data shows that Alliance PCN has a lower proportion of people with a falls Frat score completed.
- The percentage of the population recorded as moderately or severely frail or EOL is lower than place and ICB indicating further opportunity for identification.
- The data contained within the table below is up to the end of December, the latest position can be found at Ardens Manager.

	Frailty			EOL							
	Mod/Sev + falls Frat score done %	Mod fraily + SMR or polypharmacy medication review %	% Mod/Sev frailty of population	% population on EOL register	GSF %	DNACPR %	ACP %	PPD %	PPC %	SCR Consent %	
ІСВ	16.0%	19.5%	1.9%	0.7%	64.9%	53.3%	11.3%	37.3%	39.8%	34.8%	
swн	15.9%	24.1%	1.9%	0.5%	42.8%	57.7%	18.6%	43.1%	44.2%	2.2%	
PCN	1.5%	4.5%	1.7%	0.2%	15.1%	24.5%	5.7%	13.2%	18.9%	0.0%	
Colney,Coleridge Hse & Bricket Wood Mcs	38.5%	27.3%	0.2%	0.2%	66.7%	8.3%	0.0%	8.3%	25.0%	0.0%	
Consulting Rooms	0.0%	8.8%	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%	40.0%	13.3%	13.3%	6.7%	0.0%	
Grove Hill Medical Centre	0.0%	0.6%	5.1%	0.2%	0.0%	22.2%	0.0%	0.0%	11.1%	0.0%	
Hatfield Road Surgery	0.0%	7.7%	1.8%	0.1%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	0.0%	25.0%	0.0%	
Woodhall Farm Medical Ctr	3.8%	7.1%	1.6%	0.4%	0.0%	23.1%	7.7%	30.8%	30.8%	0.0%	

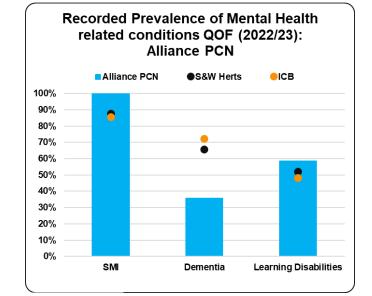
Alliance Enhanced Commissiong Framework (ECF) 2023-24 for the period 1 April 23 to 31 Dec 23



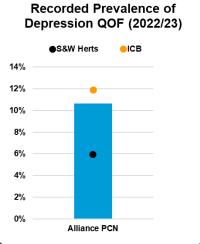
#### **Prevalence of mental health conditions (QOF)**

- The data on this page looks at the recorded prevalence of conditions within the Mental Health section of QOF. It shows the PCN prevalence against the place and ICB. Future iterations will include comparisons against modelled expected prevalence.
- The data shows that Abbey Health PCN has a lower recorded prevalence for Dementia which may indicate an opportunity for further identification.
- The table below shows the trend over the last three years for each area.
- The following page looks at some of the wider QOF indicators around Mental Health.

ICB overarching outcome of Improving
Healthy life expectancy



		Alliance PCN- Mental Health Conditions 2022-2023 QOF prevalence, with 3 year trend													
	Colney, Coleridge House & Bricket Wood Medical Centres			ng Rooms	Grove Hill M	Aedical Centre	Hatfield Ro	ad Surgery	Woodhall Farm	n Medical Centre					
	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend					
Dementia	0.3%		0.7%		0.4%		0.4%	<u> </u>	0.4%						
Depression	8.7%		14.3%		12.8%		12.8%	<u> </u>	12.8%	$\sim$					
Learning Disability	0.3%		0.9%		0.6%		0.6%		0.6%						
SMI	0.7%	<u> </u>	1.2%		1.0%		1.0%		1.0%	$\sim$					





## **Mental Health QOF Indicators 22-23**

• Mental Health QOF metrics for 2022-23 show that Alliance PCN is achieving lower achievement across all metrics for both SMI and Depression in comparison to Place and the ICB.

• Ardens searches will contain searches that help identify those people with SMI without a care plan.

			SMI			Depression
	% of patients with SMI who have a care plan	record of BMI in the	% of patients with SMI who have a record of alcohol consumption in preceding 12 months	% of patients with SMI who have a record of a lipid profile in the preceding 12 months	glucose of HbA1C in	% of patients with a diagnosis of depression who have been reviewed within 10-56 days
ICB	82.6	88.7	89.3	83.1	83.0	83.0
SWH	87.2	90.0	90.4	84.8	84.4	84.9
Alliance PCN	70.2	78.4	78.5	72.4	70.6	67.4
Verulam Medical Group	61.0	72.1	67.4	61.9	62.5	65.0
Consulting Rooms	94.1	92.6	95.7	87.3	82.7	82.5
Grove Hill Medical Centre	58.3	78.9	89.2	73.7	72.7	52.6
Hatfield Road Surgery	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.0	81.8
Woodhall Farm Medical Centre	14.3	32.1	14.8	28.6	36.0	50.0



#### **Emergency Admissions Rates for Self–Harm**

- Alliance PCN has a similar rate of admissions for self harm to place but higher than ICB.
- When looking at the data it should be noted that the numbers at PCN level are small and therefore more fluctuation between the years will be seen.
- The data will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.

