

### **PCN Insights Pack 2024**

#### **Dacorum Beta**

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Working together for a healthier future



#### Introduction

This latest version of the PCN pack has been developed around the ICB Clinical Priorities signed off by the ICB Board in March 23 and how they align to the population outcomes we are aiming to achieve. (See tables on the right hand side.)

The data contained within this pack compares the PCN data against Place and ICB. An overview table of all the data is available on the following page with areas of opportunity highlighted.

Some data will not be available at PCN level e.g. mortality rate for CVD. Where this is the case, proxy measures that will lead to improving this will be included e.g. early identification.

Where opportunities link with areas within the ECF or QOF a selection of related indicators have been shared alongside a link to Ardens Manager.

The data within this pack are shown at PCN level and are health focused. However to improve outcomes for our population, input from many partners is required. This pack can facilitate discussion within your Integrated Neighbourhood Teams as described within the Primary Care Strategy and also the wider HCP transformation spaces supported by your Primary Care Transformation leads.

Packs for other PCNs, Localities and Place can be found:

<u>Population health management – Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care System</u> (hertsandwestessexics.org.uk)

Here you can also find previous PCN packs outlining the descriptive demographics for the PCNs.

Area	Clinical Priority
СҮР	Improved Readiness for school in children eligible for FSM     Reduce rates of Childhood obesity     Reduced unnecessary A&E attendances and admissions
Prevention and Health Inequalities	Reduced premature mortality rate for CVD
LTC & Frailty	Reduce attendance and admissions for falls, people with frailty and people in last year of life     Development of more proactive, preventative care models for management of LTC and Frailty
Mental Health	Reducing suicide rates and attendances/ admission rates for self-harm     Reducing rates of A&E attendances involving substance misuse and violence

Outcome	Definition
Improve life expectancy	Average age at death for people who have died in the last 12 months
Improve healthy life expectancy	Average age of people who have left the 'healthy' segment in the last 12 months
Reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity	Proportion of the registered population who are in the advanced disease and complexity segment (segment)
Reduce the rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency hospital admissions	Rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency admissions in the last 12 months
Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions	Spend on Emergency hospital admissions within a financial year





#### **Dacorum Beta PCN at a Glance**

The table on the right provides a summary of the data contained within this pack. It highlights how the PCN data compares with Place and ICB.

For Dacorum Beta areas of opportunity highlighted are :

- Childhood Obesity
- Children admissions for Asthma and Wheeze
- Observed versus expected prevalence
- Admissions for ACS conditions
- Admissions for falls (75+)
- Admissions for Self-Harm

The following link takes you to Ardens Manager where there are reports. Here you will find the latest information on identification of LTCs and details of case finding Ardens searches available within EMIS and Systmone.

Clinical Priority	Metric	PCN compared to Place average	PCN compared to ICB average
Childhood abositu	% of children in Reception who are overweight	<b>↑</b>	<b>1</b>
Childhood obesity	% of children in Year 6 who are overweight	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>
	A&E Attendances for Asthma (Children)	<b>↑</b>	$\leftrightarrow$
Reduce rates of	Admissions for Asthma (Children)	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>
emergency care for children and young	Admissions for Wheeze (Children)	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>
people	Admissions for Diabetes (Children)	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>
	Admissions for Epilepsy (Children)	<b>V</b>	<b>4</b>
	Lifestyle risk factors: Smoking	<b>1</b>	<b>↑</b>
	Observed versus expected prevalence	<b>4</b>	<b>V</b>
Prevention and health	Annual Reviews completed for LTCs	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
inequalities (Premature mortality for CVD)	% of people with AF treated with Anti Coagulant	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
	Control of hypertension	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
Preventative, Proactive	Identification of hypertension	<b>1</b>	<b>↑</b>
care models for LTC	% of people for secondary prevention CVD who are on low and medium intensity statins	$\leftrightarrow$	$\leftrightarrow$
	% of diabetics with all 8 care processes completed	<b>V</b>	$\leftrightarrow$
	Admissions for ACS conditions	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>
Preventative, Proactive	Admissions for falls (75+)	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>
care models for frailty and EOL	Admissions for Hip Fractures (75+)	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
Mantal Haalth	Prevalence of Mental Health Conditions including LD	<b>1</b>	<b>↑</b>
Mental Health	Admissions for Self-Harm	<b>↑</b>	<b>↑</b>

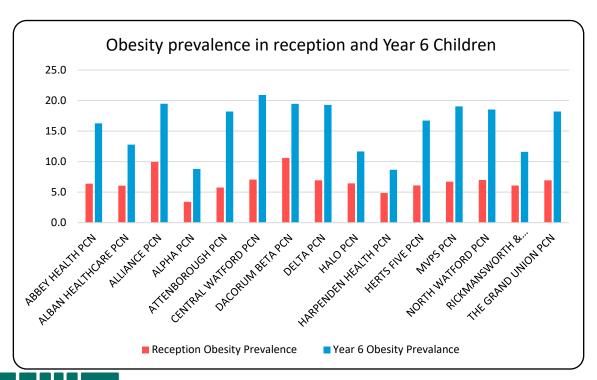
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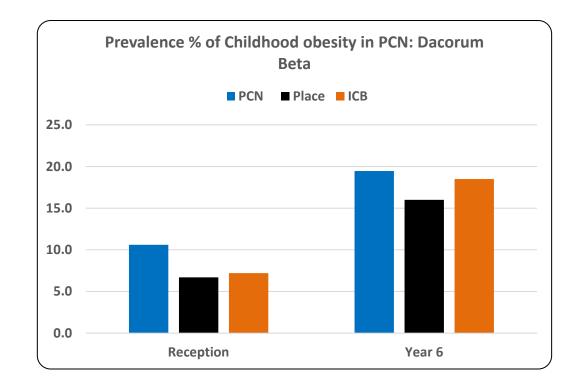
#### **Rates of Childhood Obesity**

CYP outcome – Every child will have the best start and live a healthy life

ICB overarching outcome of Improving Healthy life expectancy

- Compared to the ICB and Place rate, Dacorum Beta PCN has higher rates of Childhood Obesity for Children in Reception and Year 6 is slightly higher when comparing with Place.
- In keeping with the national data, the PCN rates for Childhood Obesity are higher for year 6 in comparison to reception children.
- The Children and Young Peoples programme can be contacted via <a href="https://www.hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net">hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net</a> for details of current projects.



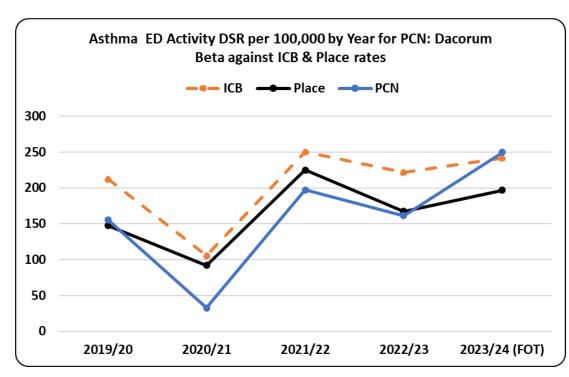


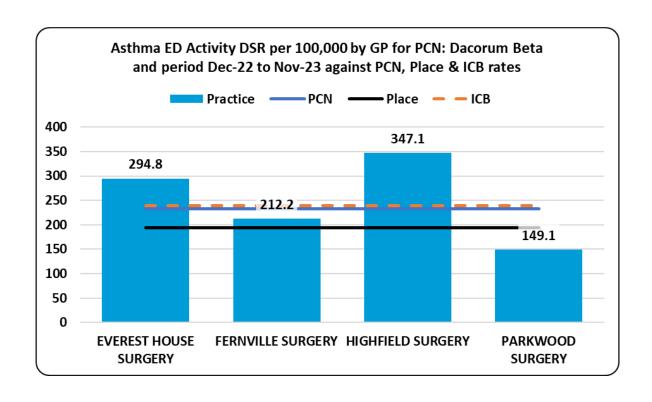


#### **A&E** attendances for Asthma (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Dacorum Beta PCN has a higher rate of A&E attendances for Children and Young People with Asthma (rolling years data on the right-hand side) than place but is similar to ICB.
- Rates of Children and Young People attending A&E for Asthma have increased since 2020/21 post covid. The rates fluctuate annually with the latest forecast outturn from November data showing an increase on the previous year.

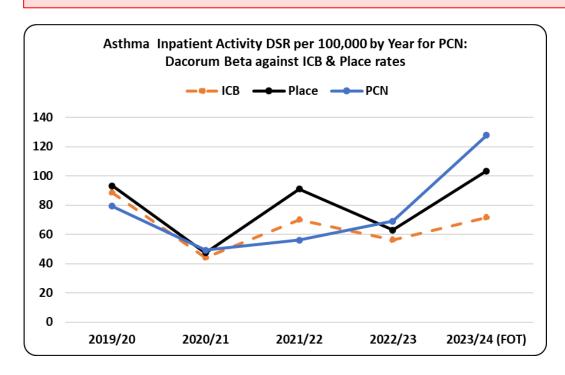






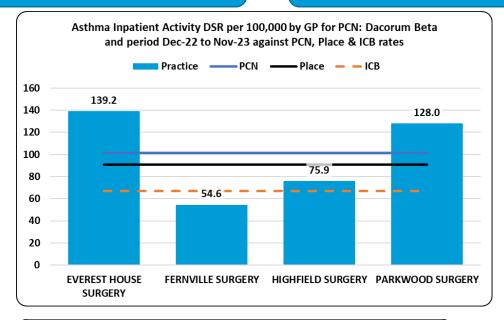
#### **Admissions for Asthma (CYP)**

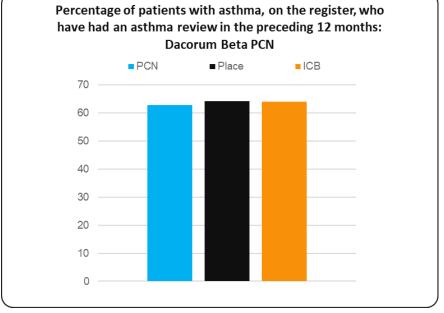
- Compared to Place and the overall ICB, Dacorum Beta PCN has a higher rate of admissions for Asthma (rolling years data on the right-hand side).
- The trend data shows a higher rates of admissions for Asthma for Dacorum Beta PCN for the last 2 years.
- Lower Proportion of Asthma Reviews are carried out within Dacorum Beta PCN in comparison to Place and the ICB, however the QOF is for all ages and children specific reviews cannot be identified within the data.
- The Children and Young Peoples programme can be contacted via <a href="mailto:hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net">hweicbenh.cypteam@nhs.net</a> for details of current projects.



CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity



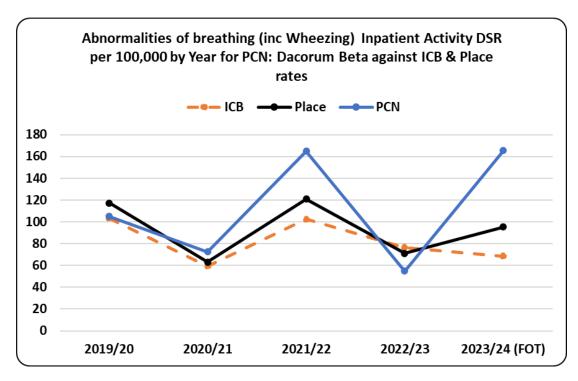


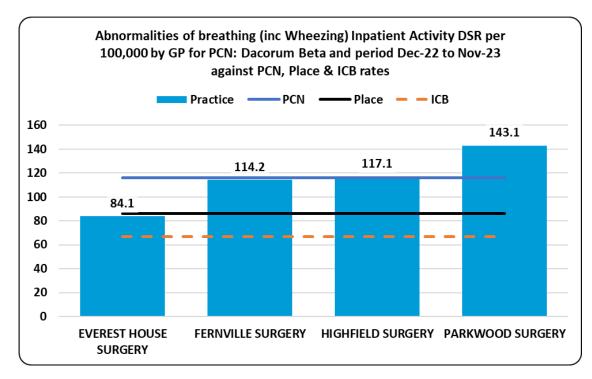
Source: SUS; QOF

#### **Admissions for Wheeze (CYP)**

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Dacorum Beta PCN has a higher rates of Children and Young People admitted to hospital for abnormalities of breathing including wheeze compared to both ICB and Place.
- Rates of Children and Young People admitted to Hospital for Wheeze fluctuate annually with the latest forecast outturn from November data showing an increase on the previous year.
- When looking at the data by practice there is variation.



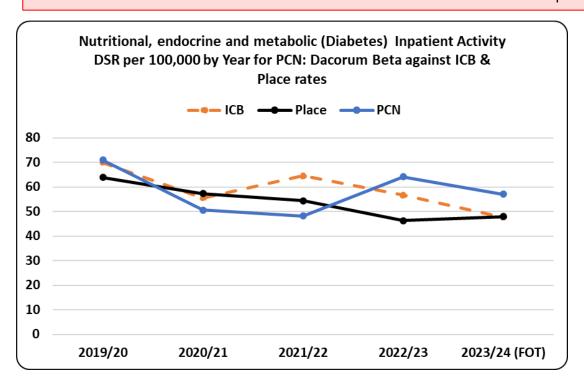


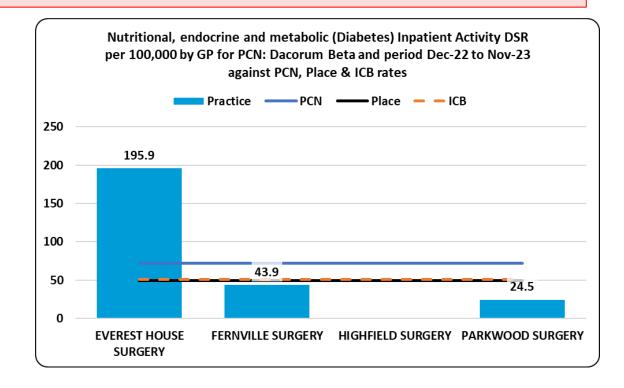


#### **Admissions for Diabetes (CYP)**

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Diabetes is identified as an area of focus within the Core 20 plus 5 for children. The rate of admission for Dacorum Beat PCN is higher than both place and ICB (latest 12 months data on the right hand side).
- The numbers of children admitted for diabetes are small and this should be considered when looking at the data. There were no admissions for the Highfield surgery within the 12 months up to November 23.
- The data for diabetes will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.



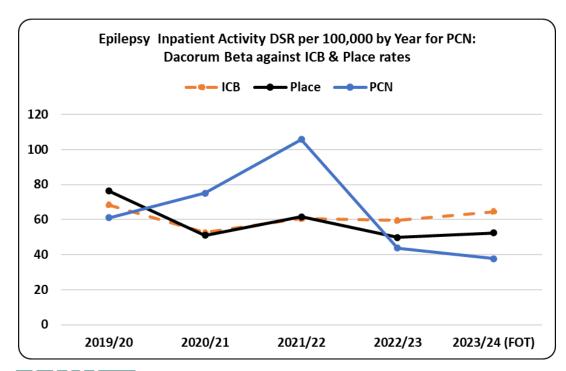


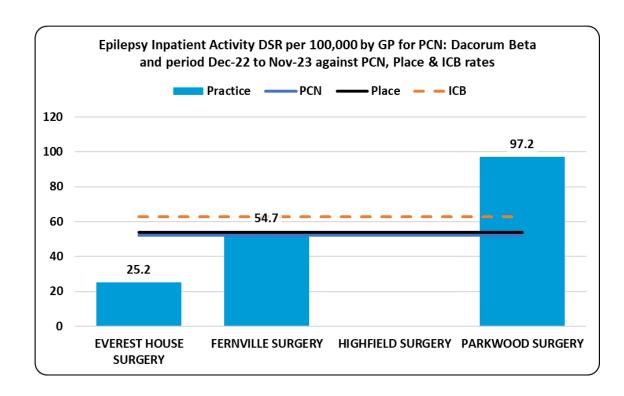


#### **Admissions for Epilepsy (CYP)**

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Epilepsy is identified as an area of focus within the Core 20 plus 5 for children.
- The rate of admission for Dacorum Beta PCN is lower than both place and ICB (latest 12 months data on the right hand side).
- The numbers of children admitted for epilepsy are small and this should be considered when looking at the data. The data for epilepsy will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.



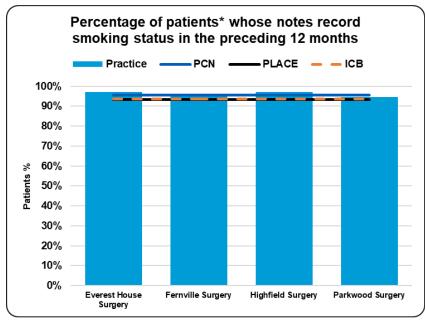


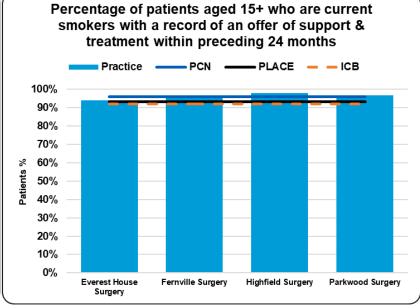


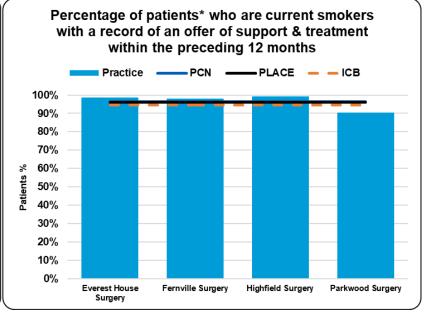
### Prevention and health inequalities – Lifestyle factors - Smoking

- Dacorum Beta PCN data for smoking shows a slightly higher percentage recording and those offered support compared to Place and ICB.
- The table to the right gives detail by condition of the opportunity for further recording of smoking status. This shows the position in January. The latest position can be found on <a href="https://app.ardensmanager.com/login">https://app.ardensmanager.com/login</a>

	ECF 2023-24 - Co	ECF 2023-24 - Condition Section Under Smoker, Smoking Status, and Smoking Status Recorded - as of Jan. 2024										
	Pre-Di	abetes	Diab	etes	Atrial Fibrillation							
	Remaining % of	Smoking Available	Remaining % of	Smoking Available	Remaining % of	Smoking Available						
Practices	Population with a	Patients - Number	Population with a	Patients - Number	Population with a	Patients - Number						
	Smoking status		Smoking status		Smoking status							
Everest House Surgery	37%	984	15%	1071	0%	23						
Fernville Surgery	31%	1574	22%	1146	0%	27						
Highfield Surgery	16%	577	11%	564	0%	11						
Parkwood Surgery	45%	1703	24%	1073	0%	19						







Source: Link: QOF Data Set & ECF Jan. 2024





### Prevention and health inequalities Early Identification: Expected vs observed prevalence

LTC Outcome – Proportion of people with a long-term condition who feel able to manage their condition

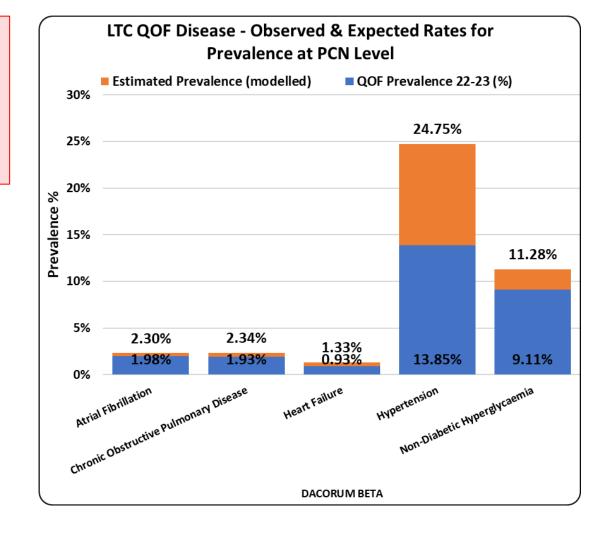
ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

The data on this page shows the national modelled estimated prevalence for the PCN compared with the latest published QOF prevalence for the PCN.

- Dacorum Beta PCN recorded prevalence compared with the modelled estimated prevalence for the PCN is lower across all conditions.
- The data shows an opportunity for further identification for these conditions. Case finding searches can be found within the Ardens Suite of searches.

Disease Detection Modelling for Dacorum Beta PCN - No. of New Diagnoses to Meet ICS & PLACE Rates - 2023/24

Disease / Condition	Number to meet	Number to meet
Disease/ Condition	ICS rate	PLACE rate
Asthma	3290	97
Atrial Fibrillation	33	44
Chronic Kidney Disease	1522	
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease		
Coronary Heart Disease	1536	33
Diabetes Mellitus		0
Epilepsy	317	
Heart Failure		9
Hypertension	7824	57
Non-Diabetic Hyperglycaemia		56
Peripheral Arterial Disease	246	
Stroke and Transient Ischaemic Attack	932	26







### **Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC - Prevalence**

LTC Outcome – Reduce the proportion of people with a long-term condition who are in the advanced disease & complexity or frailty & end of life segments

ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

- Following the expected and observed prevalence modelling in the previous slide, where there are opportunities, this slide looks at the recorded prevalence by practice for the PCN compared with Place and ICB.
- The development of an ICB Data Platform will create a longitudinal record for our patients which will allow the data to be viewed by different characteristics such as deprivation, ethnicity, co-morbidities.
- For LTCs, QOF and ECF data can help us understand areas of opportunity for improving outcomes for our population living with LTCs.

					um Beta PC	N - Long-Term	Conditions	2022-23 QOF	Prevalence,	with 3 Year T	rend.
COL Bissess / Constitution	QOF 22- 23 -	QOF 22- 23 -	QOF 22- 23 -	FERNVILLE SURGERY		EVEREST HOUSE SURGERY		PARKWOOD SURGERY		HIGHFIELD SURGERY	
QOF Disease/ Condition	ICB %	PLACE %	PCN %	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year
				23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend
Asthma	6.16%	5.84%	6.02%	5.30%		5.87%		6.23%		6.71%	\_
Atrial fibrillation	2.09%	2.01%	1.98%	2.06%	/	2.13%	_	2.36%		1.38%	\_
Chronic kidney disease	3.46%	3.84%	4.95%	4.62%	_/	4.33%	<u></u>	4.76%		6.11%	
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	1.49%	1.39%	1.93%	1.86%		1.66%	_	2.08%		2.11%	
Diabetes mellitus	6.63%	6.56%	7.52%	7.27%		7.82%		6.40%		8.58%	
Epilepsy	0.70%	0.70%	0.91%	0.82%	_	0.86%		0.87%	_/	1.07%	<b>\</b>
Heart Failure	0.80%	0.72%	0.93%	1.15%		0.65%	_	1.17%	/	0.76%	
Hypertension	13.84%	13.36%	13.85%	12.90%		14.31%	~/	14.33%	_	13.84%	
Non-diabetic hyperglycaemia	6.42%	7.43%	9.11%	9.85%	/	7.35%		9.30%	/	9.95%	
Peripheral arterial disease	0.44%	0.41%	0.54%	0.46%		0.50%		0.54%		0.65%	\_
Secondary prevention of coronary heart disease	2.67%	2.62%	2.82%	3.00%	/	2.38%		3.26%	_	2.63%	
Stroke and transient ischaemic attack	1.63%	1.53%	1.58%	1.59%	<b>\</b>	1.42%	\_	1.92%	~/	1.38%	_





#### Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC: Annual Reviews

- The table on the right shows a summary of the percentage of patients receiving an annual review by condition.
- Where the cell is highlighted the percentage is lower than the place value.
- The data shows that Dacorum Beta PCN shows a higher percentage of patients receiving an annual review than Place and ICB for most areas apart from diabetes and non-diabetic hyperglycaemia.
- The source of data in this table is QOF national reporting. More detailed information with the latest position is available to practices via https://app.ardensmanager.com/login

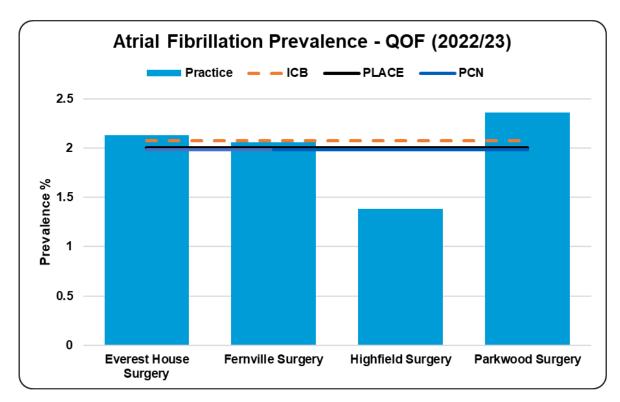
	ICB	SWH	Dacorum Beta PCN	Everest House Surgery	Fernville Surgery	Highfield Surgery	Parkwood Surgery
% of AF Patients with Stroke Risk Assessed in the last 12 months	92.9	94.2	98.1	98.2	98.6	98.5	97.3
The % of patients aged 45 or over who have a record of blood pressure in the preceding 5 years	85.7	85.1	87.3	88.5	84.9	91.6	87.1
The % of patients with a diagnosis of heart failure on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months	72.7	80.0	87.2	87.5	94.0	90.6	80.0
The % of patients with asthma, on the register, who have had an asthma review in the preceding 12 months	64.0	64.1	64.9	71.1	60.2	72.2	61.0
The % of patients with COPD, on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months	75.7	75.3	78.3	70.9	78.0	87.1	79.8
The % of patients with diabetes, on the register, with a record of a foot examination and risk classification: 1) low risk (normal sensation, palpable pulses), 2) increased risk (neuropathy or absent pulses), 3) high risk (neuropathy or absent pulses plus deformity or skin changes in previous ulcer) or 4) ulcerated foot within the preceding 12 months	75.5	76.1	71.4	73.7	76.1	73.3	63.4
The % of patients with non-diabetic hyperglycaemia who have had an HbA1c or fasting blood glucose performed in the preceding 12 months.	82.9	84.0	82.9	87.3	85.2	91.3	74.8

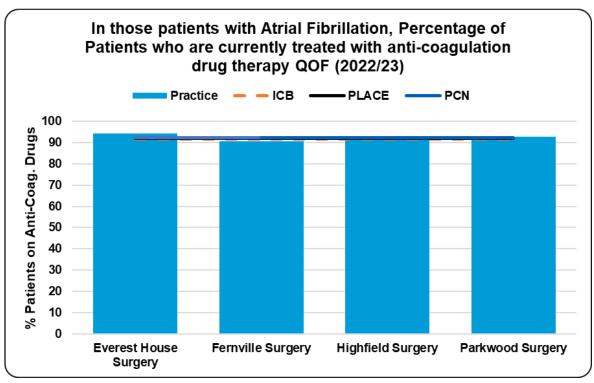




#### **Prevention and health inequalities – Atrial Fibrillation**

- Dacorum Beta PCN recorded prevalence for Atrial Fibrillation is lower than place and similar to the ICB prevalence.
- Once identified the percentage of patients currently treated with anti-coagulant drug therapy is similar to the Place and ICB.
- Latest information for AF indicators can be found within <a href="https://app.ardensmanager.com/login">https://app.ardensmanager.com/login</a>

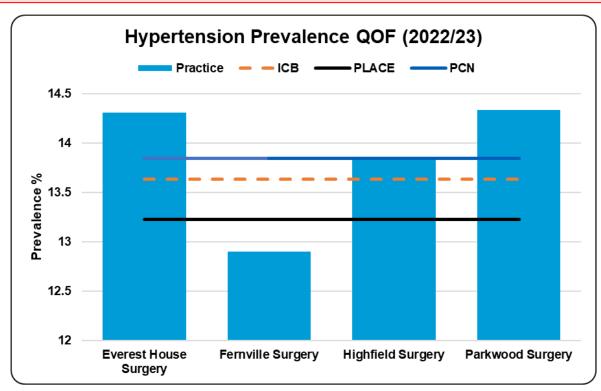


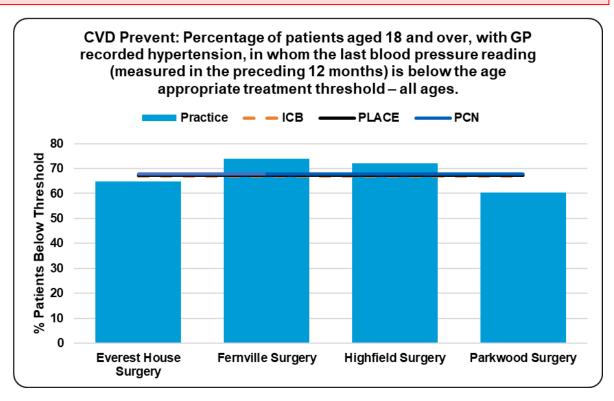




#### **Prevention and health inequalities – Hypertension**

- Dacorum Beta PCN recorded prevalence for hypertension is higher than both place and the ICB prevalence.
- Once identified the data shows the percentage of patients in whom the latest BP reading is below the age appropriate treatment threshold is similar to both place and ICB, however
  there is variation between the practices.
- Latest information for hypertension indicators can be found within <a href="https://app.ardensmanager.com/login">https://app.ardensmanager.com/login</a>

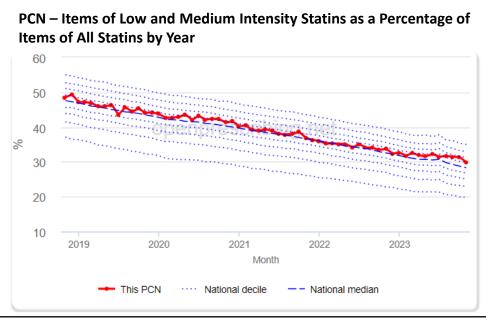




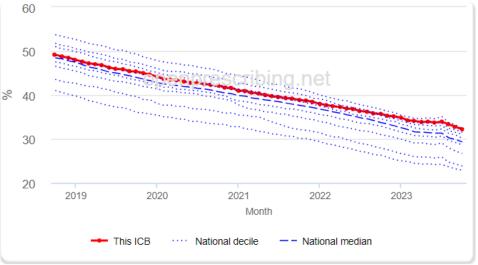


## **Lipid management:** Percentage of people on lipid lowering therapy for secondary prevention who are on low and medium intensity statins

- National lipid management pathways (<u>Link to guidance</u>) recommend the use of high intensity statins for all people with a history of Cardiovascular disease as well as where high dose statins are needed to control cholesterol. People on high intensity statins will see a greater reduction in c-LDL levels and reduce the risk of cardiovascular events.
- Data from OpenPrescribing provides information on the proportion of people who are on statins that are currently prescribed low or medium intensity doses. The ICS is a negative outlier in this area, with a high proportion of people not on a high intensity statin.
- The data for Dacorum Beta PCN shows that there is an opportunity to improve statin treatment, prescribing a higher proportion of people onto high intensity statins. The PCN is in the 60th percentile with 29.9% of people not on high intensity statins. This compares to 28.3% nationally.



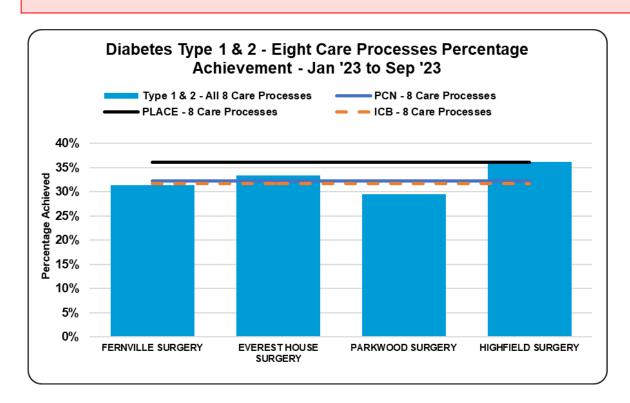
# ICB – Items of Low and Medium Intensity Statins as a Percentage of Items of All Statins by Year 60

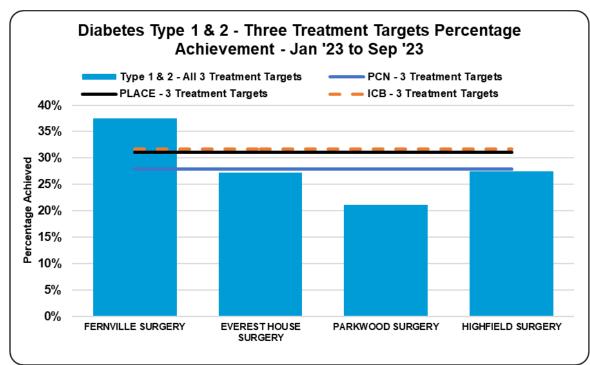




# Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC: 8 Care Processes & 3 treatment targets (all diabetes type 1 & 2)

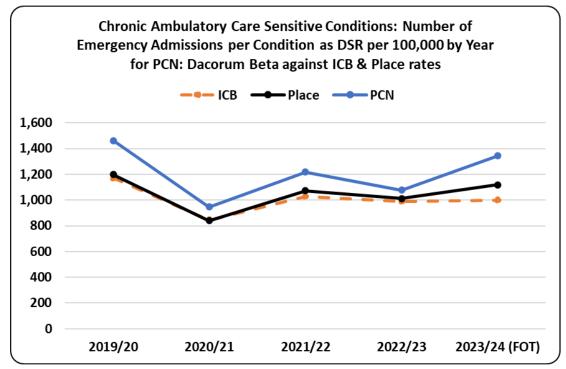
- The percentage of people living with diabetes who have received the 8 care processes in Dacorum Beta PCN is similar to the ICB but lower than Place. However, for the three treatment targets the PCN data shows a lower percentage than both place and ICB.
- The latest information for diabetes indicators can be found within Ardens Manager.







### Reduction in admissions rates of Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive (ACS) conditions

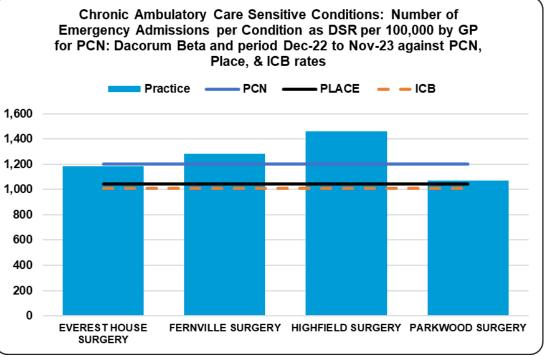


- Ambulatory care sensitive (ACS) conditions are conditions where effective community care and person-centred care can help prevent the need for hospital admission. (Nuffield Trust)
- Dacorum Beta PCN's admission rate for Chronic ACS conditions is higher than both place and ICB.
- COPD and Diseases of the Blood (includes diabetes) are the conditions with the highest volume and are also showing an upward trend.

Source: SUS Link: Chronic ACS Conditions & NHSOF

LTC Outcome – Reduce the rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency hospital admissions

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the rate of emergency admission for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions associated with LTCs



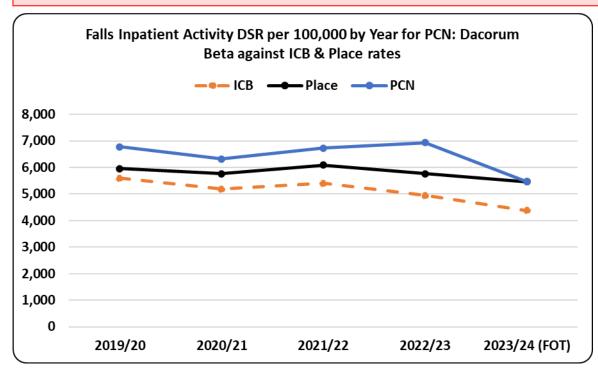
Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions for Dacorum Beta PCN	PCN Per 100,000 Rate Apr-23 to Nov-23	5 Year Trend	2024/25 Trajectory
Angina: Angina pectoris	26.19	~	UP
Asthma	74.51	\ <u></u>	UP
Atrial fibrillation and flutter	163.38	<b>\_</b>	UP
COPD	238.67	\	UP
Congestive heart failure	146.86	<b>\</b>	UP
Diseases of the blood	274.98	~~/	UP
Epilepsy	51.20		DOWN
Hypertension	61.41	~~	UP
Mental and behavioural disorders	15.49	\_/	UP
Nutritional, endocrine and metabolic	289.88	/	UP

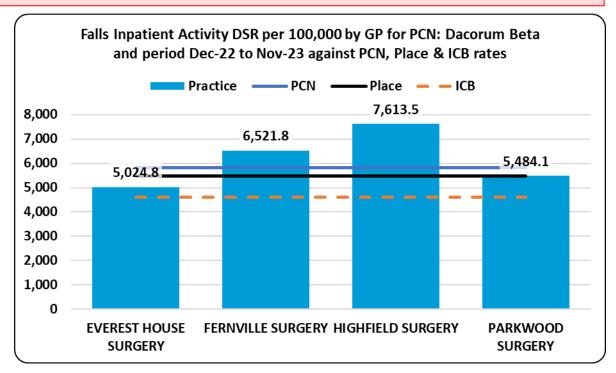
### **Emergency Admission rates for Falls in persons aged +75**

Frailty and EoL Outcome –
Decrease rates of +75s
emergency admissions for falls
within the community

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions

- When looking at the rolling 12 months up to November 2023 the data shows that Dacorum Beta PCN has a higher rate of admissions for falls than Place and ICB.
- The trend information shows an decreasing trend for the PCN.
- Data in the following pages shows the data for the PCN compared with Place and PCN for areas within the ECF that aim to support reducing falls. Frailty Clinical Leads will be able to advise on current programmes of work within your area aimed at reducing falls.







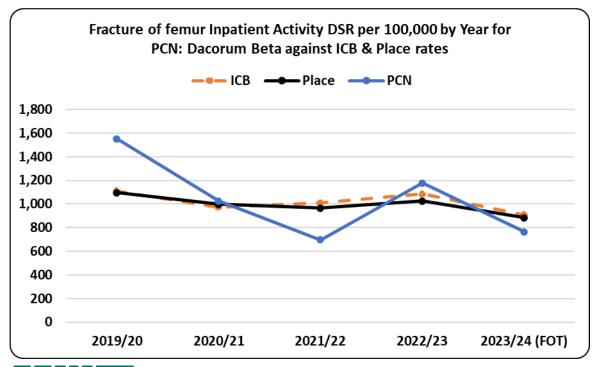


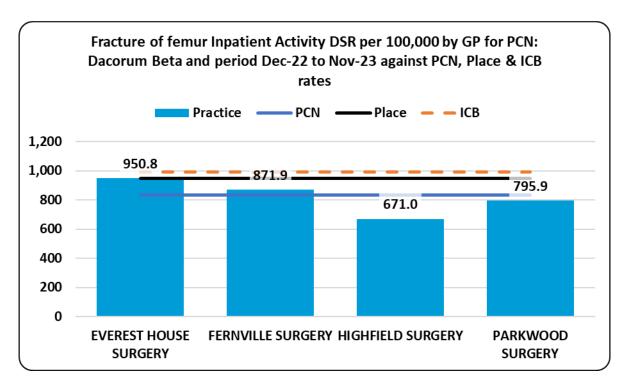
#### **Emergency admission rates for Hip fractures** in all over 75's

Frailty and EoL Outcome -**Decrease rates of +75s** emergency admissions for falls within the community

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions

- The data for hip fractures in the over 75s shows that Dacorum Beta PCN has a lower rate than both the Place and the PCN.
- When looking at the data by PCN the small numbers will cause fluctuations over the years. The latest trend data shows a fall for the latest year against last year.
- The ECF indicators on the next page shows potential areas of opportunity through benchmarking the PCN against Place and ICB.









### **ECF** indicators for frailty and **EOL**

- The data shows that Dacorum Beta PCN has a lower percentage of moderate and severe frailty patients with falls frat score recorded with variation between the practices.
- The data contained within the table below is up to the end of December, the latest position can be found at Ardens Manager.

#### Dacorum Beta Enhanced Commissiong Framework (ECF) 2023-24 for the period 1 April 23 to 31 Dec 23

		EOL								
	Mod/Sev + falls Frat score done %	Mod fraily + SMR or polypharmacy medication review %	% Mod/Sev frailty of population	% population on EOL register	GSF %	DNACPR %	ACP %	PPD %	PPC %	SCR Consent %
ICB	16.0%	19.5%	1.9%	0.7%	64.9%	53.3%	11.3%	37.3%	39.8%	34.8%
SWH	15.9%	24.1%	1.9%	0.5%	42.8%	57.7%	18.6%	43.1%	44.2%	2.2%
PCN	10.3%	23.3%	2.4%	0.5%	44.9%	48.2%	24.9%	42.9%	30.9%	0.0%
Everest House Surgery	13.3%	31.6%	2.8%	0.5%	51.3%	42.5%	21.3%	58.8%	35.0%	0.0%
Fernville Surgery	25.1%	53.7%	1.9%	0.5%	87.0%	64.1%	41.3%	43.5%	40.2%	0.0%
Highfield Surgery	1.9%	2.6%	0.7%	0.5%	29.7%	43.2%	16.2%	64.9%	18.9%	0.0%
Parkwood Surgery	0.5%	1.1%	3.3%	0.5%	3.3%	39.1%	15.2%	19.6%	22.8%	0.0%

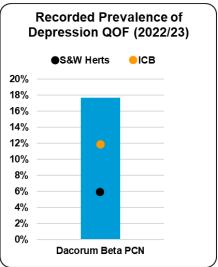
**ICB** overarching outcome of Improving **Healthy life expectancy** 

- The data on this page looks at the recorded prevalence of conditions within the Mental Health section of QOF. It shows the PCN prevalence against the place and ICB. Future iterations will include comparisons against modelled expected prevalence.
- The data shows that Dacorum Beta PCN has a higher recorded prevalence for all conditions.
- The table below shows the trend over the last three years for each area.
- The following page looks at some of the wider QOF indicators around Mental Health.

	Dacorum Beta PC	N S&W Herts	●ICB
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0	SMI	Dementia L	earning Disabili

**Recorded Prevalence of Mental Health** 

		Dacorum Beta PCN- Mental Health Conditions 2022-2023 QOF prevalence, with 3 year trend											
	Everest House Surgery		Fernville Surgery		Highfield Surgery		Parkwood Surgery						
	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend					
Dementia	0.6%		1.0%		0.4%		0.9%						
Depression	13.5%		13.5%		24.2%		15.3%						
Learning Disability	0.9%		0.6%		1.2%		0.5%						
SMI	0.9%		1.0%		1.2%		1.1%						







### **Mental Health QOF Indicators 22-23**

- Mental Health QOF metrics for 2022-23 show that Dacorum Beta PCN is achieving lower percentages for all metrics for both SMI and Depression in comparison to Place and the ICB apart from care plans for SMI.
- The data contained within the table below is up to the end of December, the latest position can be found at Ardens Manager.

			SMI			Depression
	% of patients with SMI who have a care plan		% of patients with SMI who have a record of alcohol consumption in preceding 12 months	% of patients with SMI who have a record of a lipid profile in the preceding 12 months	% of patients with SMI who have a record of blood glucose of HbA1C in preceding 12 months	% of patients with a diagnosis of depression who have been reviewed within 10-56 days
ICB	82.6	88.7	89.3	83.1	83.0	83.0
swн	87.2	90.0	90.4	84.8	84.4	84.9
Dacorum Beta PCN	90.0	81.4	88.8	71.2	69.6	84.1
Everest House Surgery	94.2	93.5	91.3	92.3	95.2	88.0
Fernville Surgery	95.9	78.9	77.6	73.3	69.5	82.8
Highfield Surgery	77.3	88.5	88.2	78.7	75.7	89.5
Parkwood Surgery	85.9	74.7	97.6	55.0	53.5	78.4



#### **Emergency Admissions Rates for Self – Harm**

ICB overarching outcome of Improving Healthy life expectancy

- Dacorum Beta PCN has a higher rate of admissions for self harm compared with both place and ICB.
- When looking at the data it should be noted that the numbers at PCN level are small and therefore more fluctuation between the years will be seen, however the trend over time shows an upward trend.
- The data will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.

