

PCN Insights Pack 2024

Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell

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Working together for a healthier future

Introduction

This latest version of the PCN pack has been developed around the ICB Clinical Priorities signed off by the ICB Board in March 23 and how they align to the population outcomes we are aiming to achieve. (See tables on the right hand side.)

The data contained within this pack compares the PCN data against Place and ICB. An overview table of all the data is available on the following page with areas of opportunity highlighted.

Some data will not be available at PCN level e.g. mortality rate for CVD. Where this is the case, proxy measures that will lead to improving this will be included e.g. early identification.

Where opportunities link with areas within the ECF or QOF a selection of related indicators have been shared alongside a link to Ardens Manager.

The data within this pack are shown at PCN level and are health focused. However to improve outcomes for our population, input from many partners is required. This pack can facilitate discussion within your Integrated Neighbourhood Teams as described within the Primary Care Strategy and also the wider HCP transformation spaces supported by your Primary Care Transformation leads.

Packs for other PCNs, Localities and Place can be found:

<u>Population health management – Hertfordshire and West Essex Integrated Care</u> System (hertsandwestessexics.org.uk)

Here you can also find previous PCN packs outlining the descriptive demographics for the PCNs.

Area	Clinical Priority
СҮР	Improved Readiness for school in children eligible for FSM Reduce rates of Childhood obesity Reduced unnecessary A&E attendances and admissions
Prevention and Health Inequalities	Reduced premature mortality rate for CVD
LTC & Frailty	 Reduce attendance and admissions for falls, people with frailty and people in last year of life Development of more proactive, preventative care models for management of LTC and Frailty
Mental Health	Reducing suicide rates and attendances/ admission rates for self-harm Reducing rates of A&E attendances involving substance misuse and violence

Outcome	Definition
Improve life expectancy	Average age at death for people who have died in the last 12 months
Improve healthy life expectancy	Average age of people who have left the 'healthy' segment in the last 12 months
Reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity	Proportion of the registered population who are in the advanced disease and complexity segment (segment)
Reduce the rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency hospital admissions	Rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency admissions in the last 12 months
Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions	Spend on Emergency hospital admissions within a financial year







Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell at a Glance

The table on the right provides a summary of the data contained within this pack. It highlights how the PCN data compares with Place and ICB.

For Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN areas of opportunity highlighted are :

- · Childhood obesity for reception
- Observed versus expected prevalence
- People on secondary prevention CVD who are on low and medium statins
- Admissions for hip fractures in over 75s
- Identification of Learning Disabilities

The following link takes you to Ardens Manager where there are reports. Here you will find the latest information on identification of LTCs and details of case finding Ardens searches available within EMIS and System one.

https://app.ardensmanager.com/login

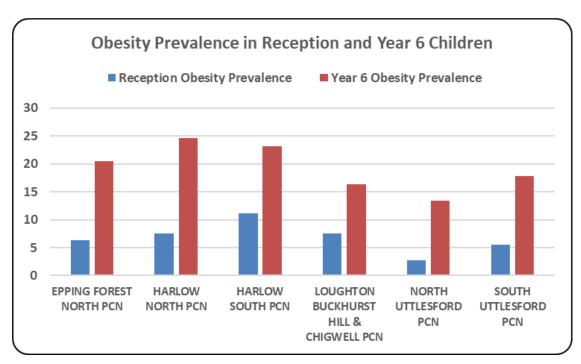
Clinical Priority	Metric Metric	PCN compared to Place average	PCN compared to ICB average
Childhood abosity	% of children in Reception who are overweight	↑	↑
Childhood obesity	% of children in Year 6 who are overweight	V	\
	A&E Attendances for Asthma (Children)	V	V
Reduce rates of	Admissions for Asthma (Children)	\leftrightarrow	\
emergency care for children and young	Admissions for Wheeze (Children)	\leftrightarrow	V
people	Admissions for Diabetes (Children)	↑	↑
	Admissions for Epilepsy (Children)	\	V
	Lifestyle risk factors: Smoking	↑	↑
Prevention and health	Observed versus expected prevalence	V	V
inequalities	Annual Reviews completed for LTCs	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow
(Premature mortality for CVD)	% of people with AF treated with Anti-Coagulant	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow
	Control of hypertension	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow
Preventative,	Identification of hypertension	V	\leftrightarrow
Proactive care models for LTC	% of people for secondary prevention CVD who are on low and medium intensity statins	↑	↑
	% of diabetics with all 8 care processes completed	\leftrightarrow	\
	Admissions for ACS conditions	V	V
Preventative,	Admissions for falls (75+)	V	V
Proactive care models for frailty and EOL	Admissions for Hip Fractures (75+)	↑	↑
Mental Health	Prevalence of Mental Health Conditions including LD	↓ (LD)	↓ (LD)
ivientai neditti	Admissions for Self-Harm	V	V

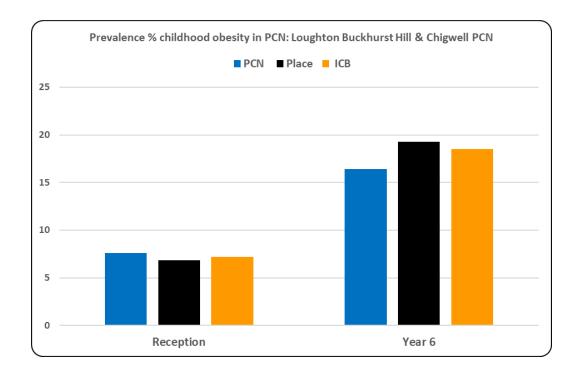
Rates of Childhood Obesity

CYP outcome – Every child will have the best start and live a healthy life

ICB overarching outcome of Improving Healthy life expectancy

- In keeping with the national data, the PCN rates for Childhood Obesity are higher for year 6 in comparison to reception children.
- Compared to the ICB and Place rate, Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has slightly higher rates of Childhood Obesity for Children in Reception. However, the rate of Childhood Obesity at Year 6 is slightly lower when comparing with Place and ICB.
- The data suggest that there is an improvement from reception to Year 6 in childhood obesity in the PCN position against Place and ICB.



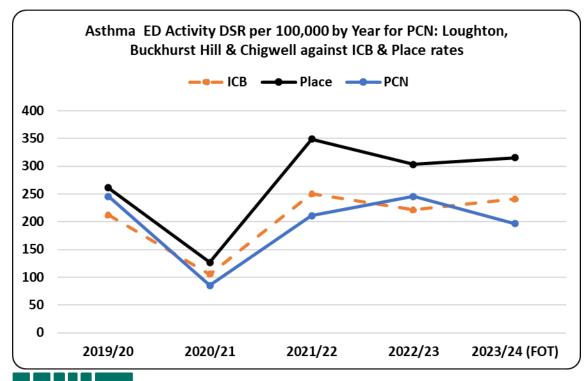


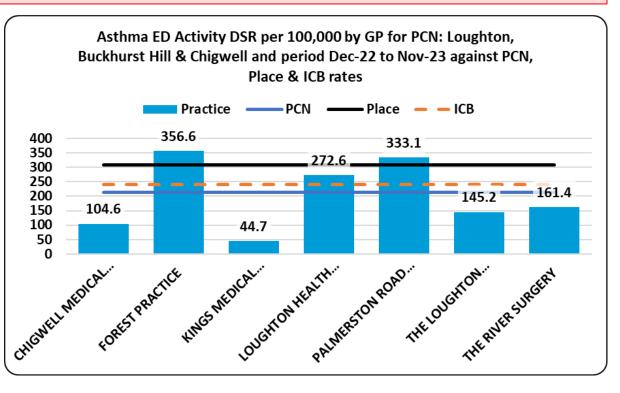


A&E attendances for Asthma (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- The data shows that Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a lower rate of A&E attendances for Children and Young People for Asthma (rolling years data on the right-hand side) compared with Place and the ICB rate.
- Rates of Children and Young People attending A&E for Asthma have increased since 2020/21 post covid, and the latest forecast data for 23/24 shows a downward trend from 22/23.
- The data should continue to be monitored to understand the trends.

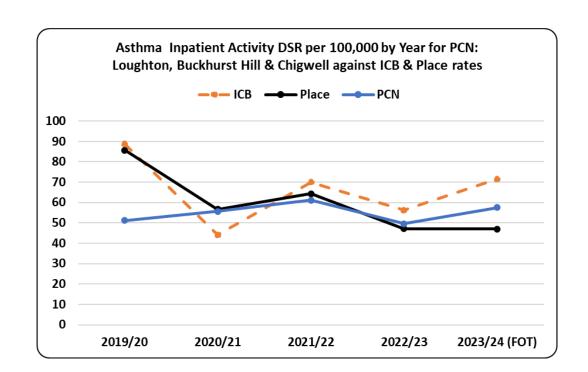






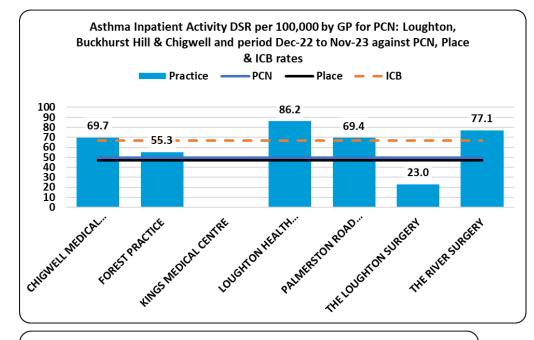
Admissions for Asthma (CYP)

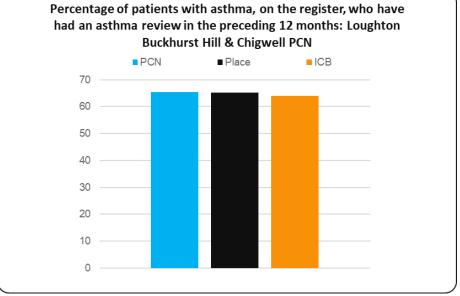
- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a similar rate of admissions for Asthma (rolling years data on the right-hand side) compared with place but lower than place. There were no admissions recorded in the period up until November 2023 for Kings Medical Centre.
- Higher Proportion of Asthma Reviews are carried out within Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN in comparison to Place and the ICB, however the QOF is for all ages and children specific reviews cannot be identified within the data.



CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity



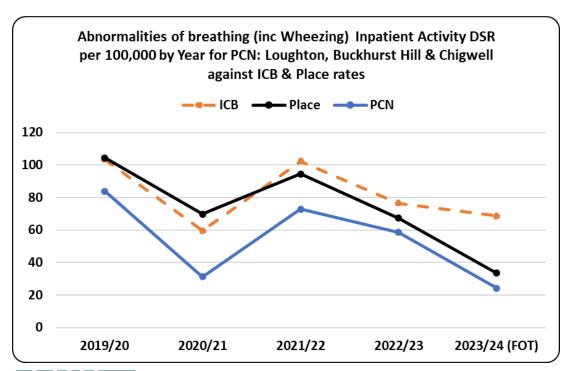


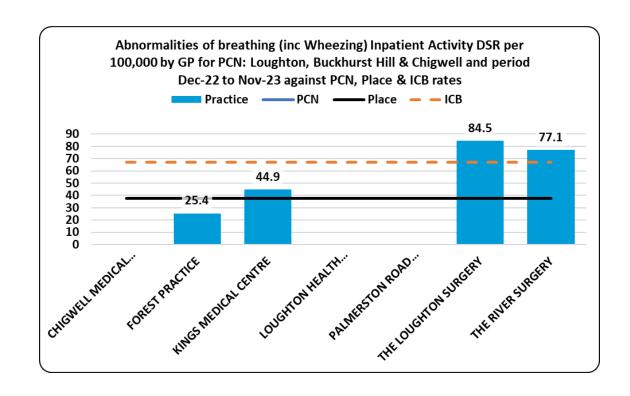
Source: SUS; QOF

Admissions for Wheeze (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has similar rates of Children and Young People admitted to hospital for abnormalities of breathing including wheeze compared to Place.
- Rates of Children and Young People admitted to Hospital for Wheeze fluctuate annually with the latest forecast outturn from November data showing a decrease on the previous year.
- When looking at the data by practice there is variation with some practice with no recorded admissions for the 12 month period up to November 2023.



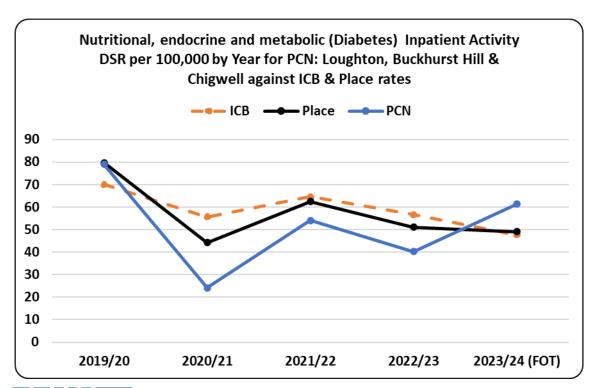


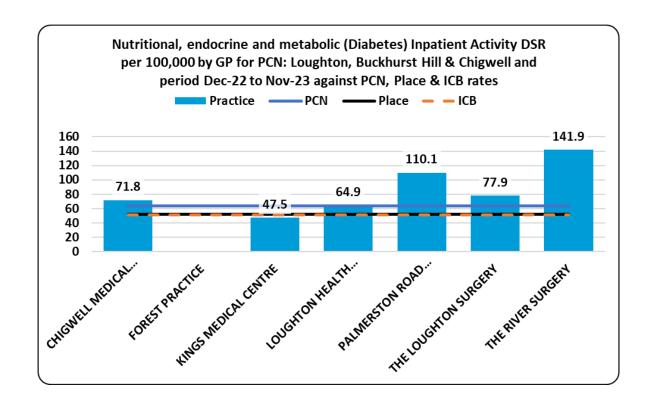


Admissions for Diabetes (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Diabetes is identified as an area of focus within the Core 20 plus 5 for children. The PCN has a higher rate than both place and ICB (chart on the right hand side).
- The numbers of children admitted for diabetes are small and this should be considered when looking at the data. There were no admissions for the John Tasker Surgery within the 12 months up to November 23.
- The data for diabetes will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.



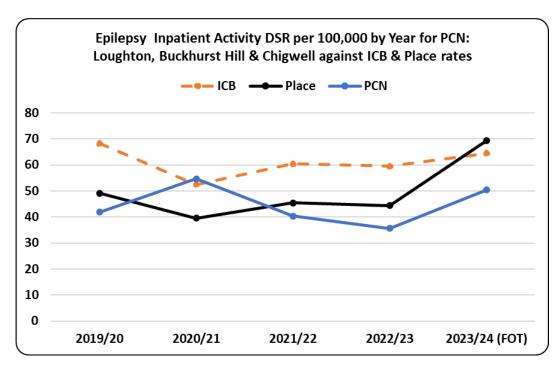


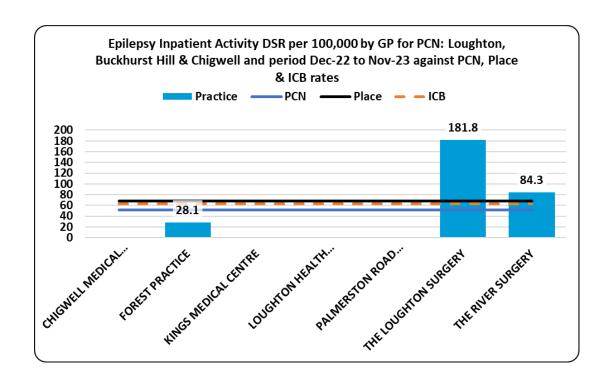


Admissions for Epilepsy (CYP)

CYP outcome – Reduce the number of unplanned admissions for long term conditions

- Epilepsy is identified as an area of focus within the Core 20 plus 5 for children. The PCN rate is lower than both place and ICB.
- The numbers of children admitted for epilepsy are small and therefore fluctuations in the trend are more prominent.
- The data for epilepsy will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.



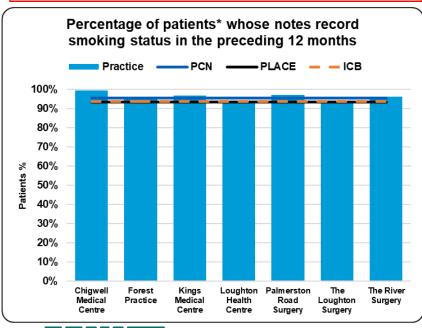


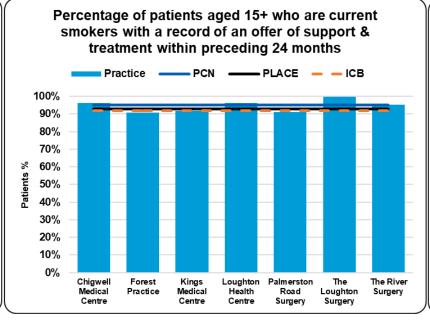


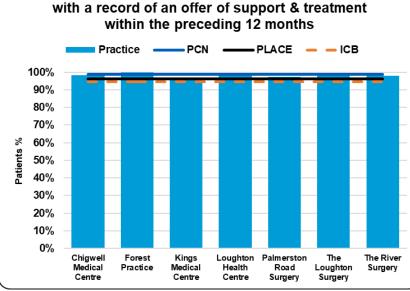
Prevention and health inequalities – Lifestyle factors - Smoking

- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN data for smoking shows a slightly higher proportion of smoking status recorded and treatment offered compared with place and ICB.
- The table to the right gives detail by condition of the opportunity for further recording of smoking status. This shows the position in January. The latest position can be found
 - on https://app.ardensmanager.com/login

	ECF 2023-24 - Condition Section Under Smoker, Smoking Status, and Smoking Status Recorded - as of Jan. 2										
	Pre-Di	abetes	Diab	etes	Atrial Fibrillation						
	Remaining % of	Smoking Available	Remaining % of	Smoking Available	Remaining % of	Smoking Available					
Practices	Population with a	Patients - Number	Population with a	Patients - Number	Population with a	Patients - Number					
	Smoking status		Smoking status		Smoking status						
Chigwell Medical Centre	46%	412	17%	658	0%	9					
Kings Medical Centre	29%	370	19%	429	0%	8					
Loughton Health Centre	50%	538	28%	699	0%	12					
Palmerston Road Surgery	52%	129	20%	174	0%	3					
The Forest Practice	33%	638	16%	718	0%	17					
The Loughton Surgery	39%	350	22%	623	0%	8					
The River Surgery	47%	186	34%	289	0%	8					







Source: Link: QOF Data Set & ECF Jan. 2024

Percentage of patients* who are current smokers





^{*} with any or any combination of the following conditions: CHD, PAD, stroke or TIA, hypertension, diabetes, COPD, CKD, asthma, schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder or other psychoses

Prevention and health inequalities Early Identification: Expected vs observed prevalence

The data on this page shows the national modelled estimated prevalence for the PCN compared with the latest published QOF prevalence for the PCN.

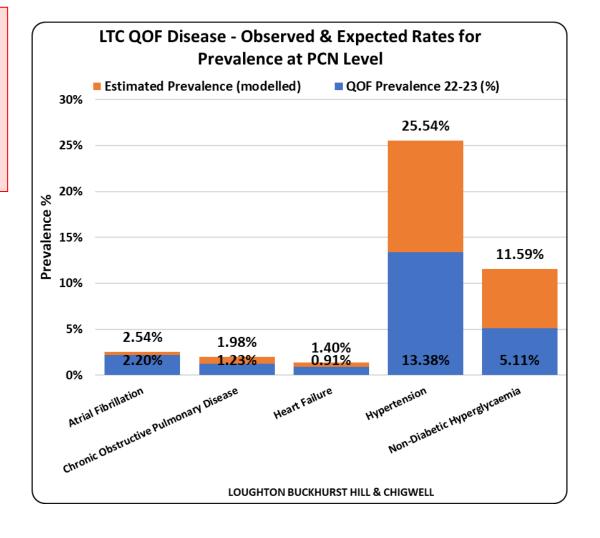
- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN recorded prevalence compared with the modelled estimated prevalence for the PCN is lower across all conditions.
- The data shows an opportunity for further identification for these conditions. Case finding searches can be found within the Ardens Suite of searches. https://app.ardensmanager.com/login

Disease Detection Modelling for Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN - No. of New Diagnoses to Meet ICS & PLACE Rates -2023/24

Disease / Condition	Number to meet	Number to meet
Disease/ Condition	ICS rate	PLACE rate
Asthma	3524	513
Atrial Fibrillation		128
Chronic Kidney Disease	1653	495
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease		239
Coronary Heart Disease	1641	189
Diabetes Mellitus		418
Epilepsy	345	48
Heart Failure		80
Hypertension	8357	1137
Non-Diabetic Hyperglycaemia		742
Peripheral Arterial Disease	263	40
Stroke and Transient Ischaemic Attack	995	103

LTC Outcome – Proportion of people with a long-term condition who feel able to manage their condition

ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity







Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC - Prevalence

LTC Outcome – Reduce the proportion of people with a long-term condition who are in the advanced disease & complexity or frailty & end of life segments

ICB overarching outcome of reduce the proportion of people living with advanced disease and complexity

Following the expected and observed prevalence modelling in the previous slide, where there are opportunities, this slide looks at the recorded prevalence by practice for the PCN compared with Place and ICB.

The development of an ICB Data Platform will create a longitudinal record for our patients which will allow the data to be viewed by different characteristics such as deprivation, ethnicity, co-morbidities.

For LTCs, QOF and ECF data can help us understand areas of opportunity for improving outcomes for our population living with LTCs.

				Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN - Long-Term Conditions 2022-23 QOF Prevalence, with 3 Year Trend.													
COS Disease / Can divise	QOF 22- 23 -	QOF 22- 23 -	QOF 22- 23 -	LOUGHTON CENT		CHIGWELL CEN		THE LOUGHTON SURGERY		FOREST P	RACTICE	PALMERSTON ROAD SURGERY		KINGS MEDICAL CENTRE		THE RIVER SURGERY	
QOF Disease/ Condition	ICB %	PLACE %	PCN %	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year	QOF 2022-	3 Year
				23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend	23	Trend
Asthma	6.16%	6.29%	5.44%	5.98%		4.68%		4.72%		6.03%		5.44%		5.33%		5.90%	
Atrial fibrillation	2.09%	2.20%	2.20%	2.85%		1.95%	/	1.50%		2.00%	/	2.10%		2.53%	_/	2.49%	
Chronic kidney disease	3.46%	3.61%	2.87%	2.47%	$\overline{}$	2.29%		2.22%	/	2.50%	~/	3.38%	_	2.58%		4.64%	_
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	1.49%	1.54%	1.23%	1.69%	\checkmark	0.85%		0.98%	_/	1.97%		0.93%		0.90%		1.27%	<u></u>
Diabetes mellitus	6.63%	6.86%	6.28%	7.24%		8.11%		4.94%	/	6.46%	/	4.22%	/	6.30%	/	6.70%	~/
Epilepsy	0.70%	0.67%	0.61%	0.48%	\wedge	0.64%	/	0.58%	\ /	0.62%	_	0.53%		0.56%	_/	0.87%	_/
Heart Failure	0.80%	1.00%	0.91%	1.03%		0.63%	_	0.77%	_/	1.19%	/	0.70%	/	0.99%	\	1.06%	\
Hypertension	13.84%	14.64%	13.38%	16.90%	/	13.30%		9.23%	_/	12.87%	_/	12.98%		13.79%	/	14.54%	_/
Non-diabetic hyperglycaemia	6.42%	6.49%	5.11%	6.40%		5.57%	/	3.23%	/	7.00%	/	2.85%	_/	5.64%		5.10%	_/
Peripheral arterial disease	0.44%	0.46%	0.42%	0.39%	$\overline{}$	0.45%	_/	0.31%	/	0.44%	/	0.32%		0.42%	/	0.63%	_
Secondary prevention of coronary heart disease	2.67%	2.80%	2.70%	3.28%		3.04%	/	1.94%	_	2.40%	~	2.06%		3.01%		3.19%	
Stroke and transient ischaemic attack	1.63%	1.64%	1.53%	1.79%		1.67%	/	1.10%		1.70%	_/	1.17%	_/	1.56%	\	1.72%	\





Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC : Annual Reviews

- The table on the right shows a summary of the percentage of patients receiving an annual review or risk assessment by condition.
- Where the cell is highlighted, the percentage is lower than the place value.
- The PCN has lower percentages of reviews completed for Heart Failure and diabetes compared to place and ICB.
- The source of data in this table is QOF national reporting. More detailed information with the latest position is available to practices via https://app.ardensmanager.com/login

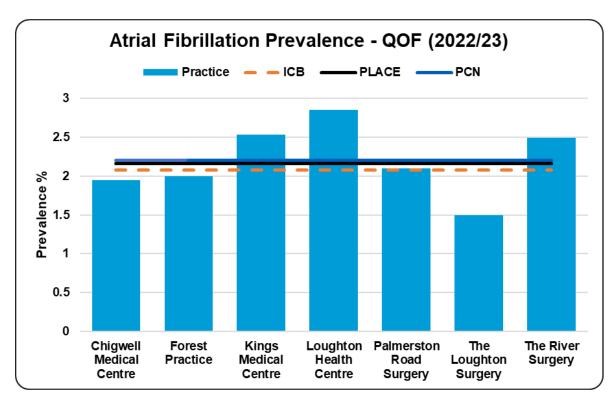
	ICB	WE	Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	Chigwell Medical Centre	Forest Practice	Kings Medical Centre	Loughton Health Centre	Palmersto n Road Surgery	The Loughton Surgery	The River Surgery
% of AF Patients with Stroke Risk Assessed in the last 12 months	92.94	93.03	93.1	94.0	95.3	91.2	89.4	92.9	94.7	93.2
The % of patients aged 45 or over who have a record of blood pressure in the preceding 5 years	85.65	86.44	86.9	89.5	82.8	90.7	86.6	83.9	85.9	91.6
The % of patients with a diagnosis of heart failure on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months	72.69	70.02	63.6	69.6	90.7	75.3	1.9	84.8	66.7	76.6
The % of patients with asthma, on the register, who have had an asthma review in the preceding 12 months	64.02	61.44	63.4	48.6	80.9	72.0	48.7	59.1	68.5	54.5
The % of patients with COPD, on the register, who have had a review in the preceding 12 months	75.74	74.01	81.9	64.5	94.4	81.4	87.0	63.6	73.1	73.2
The % of patients with diabetes, on the register, with a record of a foot examination and risk classification: 1) low risk (normal sensation, palpable pulses), 2) increased risk (neuropathy or absent pulses), 3) high risk (neuropathy or absent pulses plus deformity or skin changes in previous ulcer) or 4) ulcerated foot within the preceding 12 months	75.54	72.97	66.3	73.0	84.7	78.0	52.1	79.6	32.7	85.2
The % of patients with non-diabetic hyperglycaemia who have had an HbA1c or fasting blood glucose performed in the preceding 12 months.	82.92	80.46	79.7	89.8	84.7	87.3	63.2	88.0	71.6	85.9

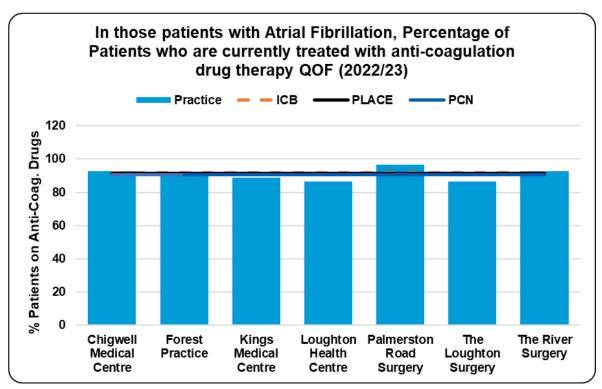




Prevention and health inequalities – Atrial Fibrillation

- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN recorded prevalence for Atrial Fibrillation is similar to Place and higher than ICB.
- Once identified the percentage of patients currently treated with anti-coagulant drug therapy is similar to the Place and ICB, however there is variation between the practices.
- The latest AF indicators can be found at https://app.ardensmanager.com/login.

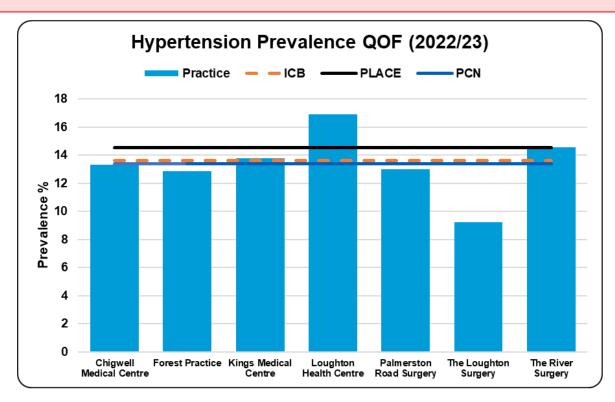


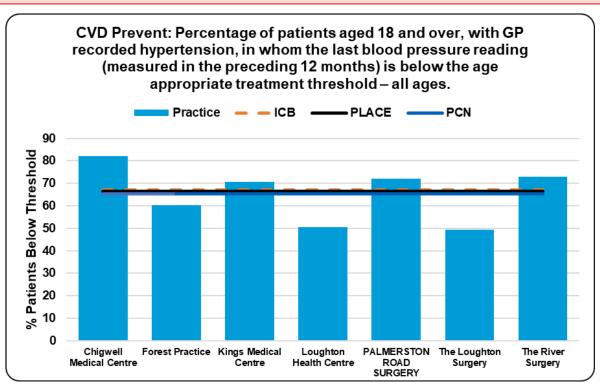




Prevention and health inequalities – Hypertension

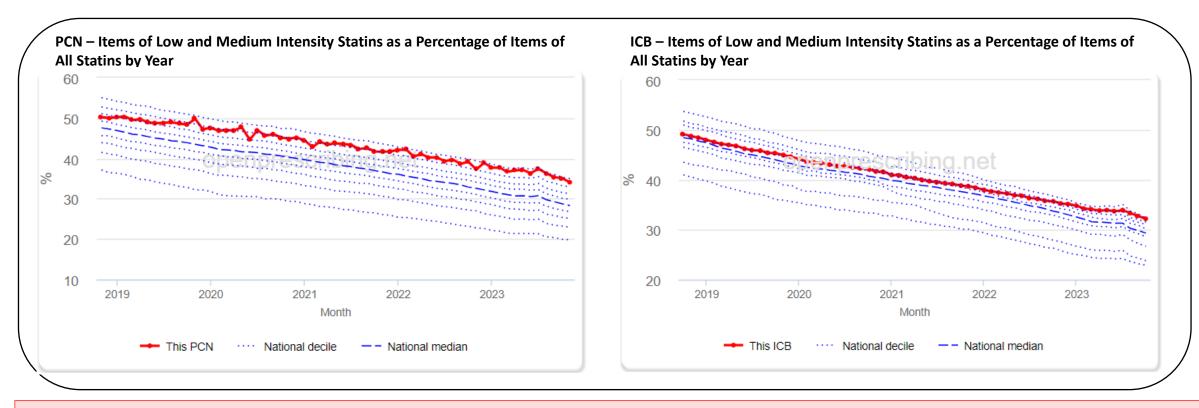
- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN recorded prevalence for hypertension is lower than Place and similar to ICB.
- Once identified the data shows the percentage of patients in whom the latest BP reading is below the age-appropriate treatment threshold is similar to both place and ICB, however there is variation between practices.
- The data suggests there is further opportunity for identification of people with hypertension. The latest hypertension indicators can be found at https://app.ardensmanager.com/login







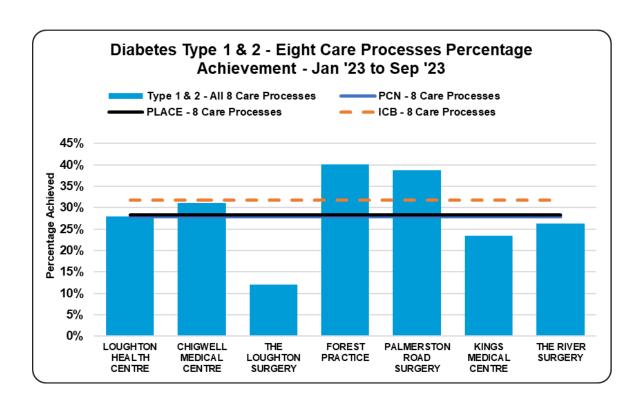
Lipid management: Percentage of people on lipid lowering therapy for secondary prevention who are on low and medium intensity statins

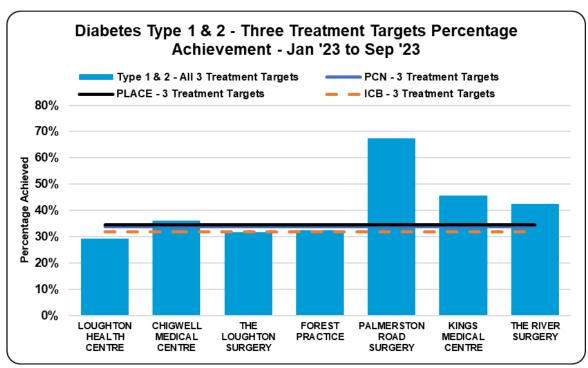


- National lipid management pathways (<u>Link to guidance</u>) recommend the use of high intensity statins for all people with a history of Cardiovascular disease as well as where high dose statins are needed to control cholesterol. People on high intensity statins will see a greater reduction in c-LDL levels and reduce the risk of cardiovascular events.
- Data from OpenPrescribing provides information on the proportion of people who are on statins that are currently prescribed low or medium intensity doses. The ICS is a negative outlier in this area, with a high proportion of people not on a high intensity statin.
- The data for the PCN shows that there is an opportunity to improve statin treatment, prescribing a higher proportion of people onto high intensity statins. The PCN is in the 86th percentile with 34.0% of people not on high intensity statins. This compares to 28.3% nationally.

Development of more proactive, preventative care models for LTC: 8 Care Processes & 3 treatment targets (all diabetes type 1 & 2)

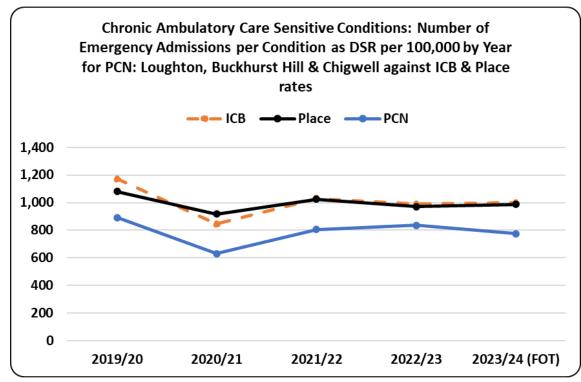
- The percentage of people living with diabetes who have received the 8 care processes in Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN is similar to Place but lower than the ICB. Forthe three treatment targets the PCN data is similar to Place and higher than ICB.
- The latest information for diabetes indicators can be found within Ardens Manager.







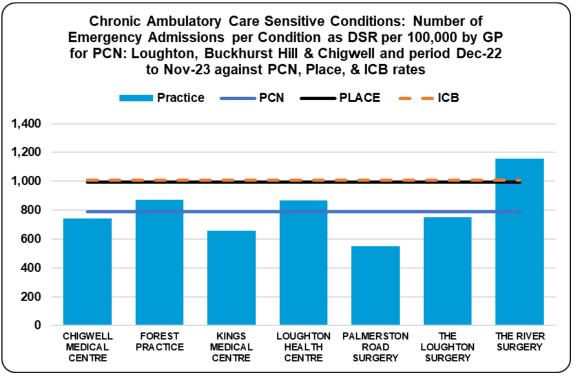
Reduction in admissions rates of Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive (ACS) conditions



- Ambulatory care sensitive (ACS) conditions are conditions where effective community care and person-centred care can help prevent the need for hospital admission. (Nuffield Trust)
- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN's admission rate for Chronic ACS conditions is lower than both the ICB and Place rate when looking at the 12 months data up to November 2023.
- Heart Failure is the condition with the highest volume and is also showing an upward trend.

LTC Outcome – Reduce the rate of ambulatory care sensitive emergency hospital admissions

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the rate of emergency admission for chronic ambulatory care sensitive conditions associated with LTCs



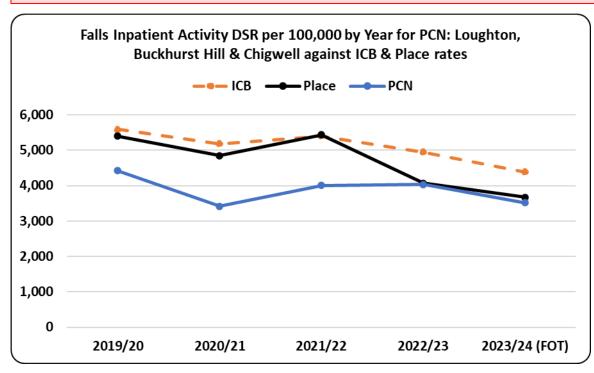
	PCN Per		
Chronic Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions	100,000	5 Year	2024/25
for Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	Rate Apr-23	Trend	Trajectory
	to Nov-23		
Angina: Angina pectoris	53.92	~	UP
Asthma	50.51	\	DOWN
Atrial fibrillation and flutter	120.60	\	UP
COPD	103.32	\	UP
Congestive heart failure	149.97	\	UP
Diseases of the blood	128.48	\	UP
Epilepsy	28.16	^_	UP
Hypertension	55.64	~	UP
Mental and behavioural disorders	13.94	V	UP
Nutritional, endocrine and metabolic	71.18	~	UP

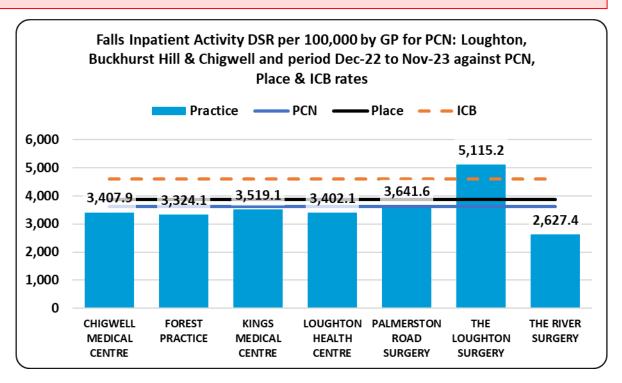
Emergency Admission rates for Falls in persons aged +75

Frailty and EoL Outcome –
Decrease rates of +75s
emergency admissions for falls
within the community

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions

- When looking at the rolling 12 months up to November 2023 the data shows that Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a lower rate of admissions for falls than Place and ICB.
- There is variation in the data for the practices within the PCN.
- Data in the following pages shows the data for the PCN compared with Place and PCN for areas within the ECF that aim to support reducing falls. Frailty Clinical Leads will be able to advise on current programmes of work within your area aimed at reducing falls.





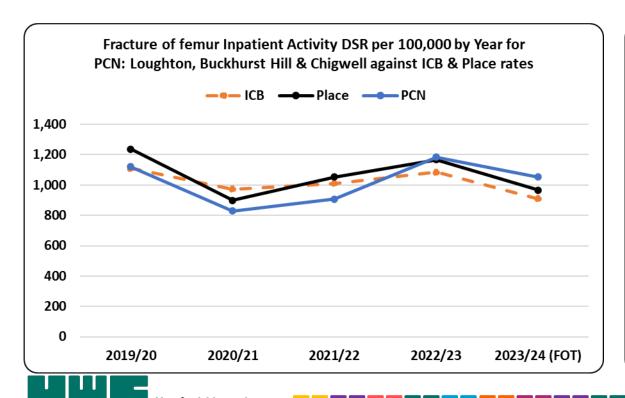


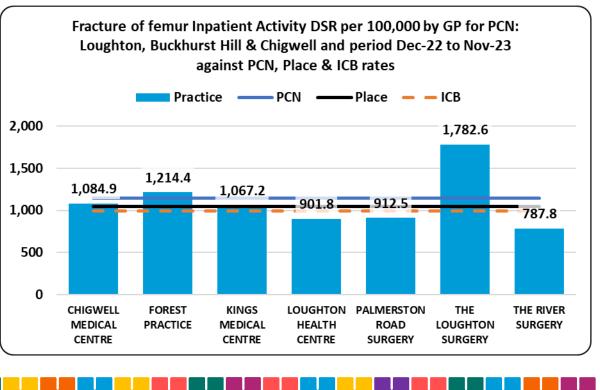
Emergency admission rates for Hip fractures in all over 75's

Frailty and EoL Outcome –
Decrease rates of +75s
emergency admissions for falls
within the community

ICB overarching outcome of Reduce the overall spend on emergency hospital admissions

- The 12 months data up to November 2023 the data shows that LCB PCN has a higher rate of admissions for hip fractures than Place and ICB.
- When looking at the data by PCN the small numbers will cause fluctuations over the years.
- The ECF indicators on the next page shows potential areas of opportunity through benchmarking the PCN against Place and ICB.





ECF indicators for frailty and **EOL**

- The data shows that LBC PCN has a lower percentage of falls frat scores completed, when compared to place and ICB as at end Dec 23.
- The percentage of the population recorded as moderately or severely frail is lower than place and ICB and may indicate an opportunity for further identification.
- The data contained within the table below is up to the end of December, the latest position can be found at Ardens Manager.

Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell Enhanced Commissiong Framework (ECF) 2023-24 for the period 1 April 23 to 31 Dec 23

		Frailty		EOL							
	Mod/Sev + falls Frat score done %	Mod fraily + SMR or polypharmacy medication review %	% Mod/Sev frailty of population	% population on EOL register	GSF %	DNACPR %	ACP %	PPD %	PPC %	SCR Consent %	
ICB	16.0%	19.5%	1.9%	0.7%	64.9%	53.3%	11.3%	37.3%	39.8%	34.8%	
WE	9.7%	29.0%	2.1%	0.7%	69.1%	57.1%	5.0%	33.7%	39.4%	57.6%	
PCN	0.4%	3.7%	1.4%	1.0%	81.4%	67.4%	2.5%	39.1%	50.0%	42.1%	
Chigwell Medical Centre	0.0%	0.0%	1.9%	1.2%	93.4%	83.0%	0.9%	30.2%	90.6%	52.8%	
Forest Practice	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	1.5%	96.0%	66.1%	0.6%	53.7%	40.1%	39.5%	
Kings Medical Centre	4.3%	6.6%	0.9%	0.8%	66.1%	50.8%	0.0%	23.7%	30.5%	44.1%	
Loughton Health Centre	0.0%	0.0%	0.8%	0.8%	51.9%	56.8%	1.2%	34.6%	46.9%	12.3%	
Palmerston Road Surgery	0.0%	0.0%	1.4%	0.2%	30.0%	30.0%	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%	
The Loughton Surgery	0.0%	0.0%	1.2%	0.6%	72.9%	76.5%	0.0%	41.2%	56.5%	40.0%	
The River Surgery	0.0%	0.0%	3.4%	2.6%	87.1%	67.2%	11.2%	36.2%	37.9%	59.5%	











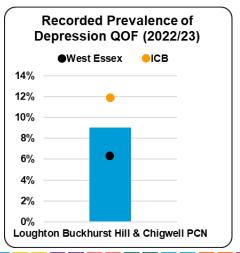


ICB overarching outcome of Improving **Healthy life expectancy**

- The data on this page looks at the recorded prevalence of conditions within the Mental Health section of QOF. It shows the PCN prevalence against the Place and ICB. Future iterations will include comparisons against modelled expected prevalence.
- The data shows that LBC PCN has a lower recorded prevalence for LD compared to place and ICB, which may indicate an opportunity for further identification.
- The table below shows the trend over the last three years for each area.
- The following page looks at some of the wider QOF indicators around Mental Health.

	related co	evalence of Me nditions QOF (2 khurst Hill & C	2022/23):
-1	Loughton Buckhu	rst Hill & Chigwell PCN	●West Essex ●ICB
100% —			
90% —			
80%			
70% —			
60% —			
50% —			•
40%			
30% —			
20%			
10% —			
0%			
	SMI	Dementia	Learning Disabilities

			Lougi	nton Burckhu	rst Hill and Ch	nigwell Gree	n PCN- Menta	l Health Condition	s 2022-2023 O	(OF prevalen	ce, with 3 yea	ar trend		
	Chigwell Me	dical Centre	tre Forest Practice		Kings Medical Centre		Loughton Health Centre		Palmerston Road Surgery		The Loughton Surgery		The River Surgery	
	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend	QOF Prevalence 22-23	3 year Trend
Dementia	1.5%		0.9%		1.2%		0.8%		0.9%	_	0.8%		2.0%	_/
Depression	5.5%		12.1%		7.6%		13.6%		7.0%		5.7%	_	11.7%	
Learning Disability	0.4%	/	0.5%		0.2%		0.2%		0.1%		0.2%		0.4%	
SMI	0.8%	_/	1.2%	_/	0.9%	~/	1.0%		0.6%	~	0.6%		1.0%	







Mental Health QOF Indicators 22-23

- The data here shows the latest Mental Health QOF metrics for 2022-23 for SMI and Depression in comparison to Place and the ICB.
- The data shows that LBCPCN have lower achievement for patients with SMI who have a care plan compared to Place and the ICB.
- The data contained within the table below is the latest QOF data, the latest in year position can be found at Ardens Manager.

			SMI			Depression
	% of patients with SMI who have a care plan	% of patients with SMI who have a record of BMI in the preceding 12 months	% of patients with SMI who have a record of alcohol consumption in preceding 12 months	who have a record of a	% of patients with SMI who have a record of blood glucose of HbA1C in preceding 12 months	% of patients with a diagnosis of depression who have been reviewed within 10-56 days
ICB	82.6	88.7	89.3	83.1	83.0	83.0
WE	77.8	86.6	87.6	82.9	82.9	79.6
Loughton Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN	72.8	85.2	90.1	81.1	81.6	82.0
Chigwell Medical Centre	71.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Forest Practice	96.3	94.7	97.9	95.1	94.7	89.1
Kings Medical Centre	95.7	96.1	100.0	90.6	93.6	78.6
Loughton Health Centre	26.7	54.7	67.0	45.7	44.8	73.1
Palmerston Road Surgery	92.3	100.0	93.3	100.0	100.0	95.0
The Loughton Surgery	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	84.0
The River Surgery	94.1	93.5	97.0	87.1	86.7	83.3



Emergency Admissions Rates for Self – Harm

ICB overarching outcome of Improving Healthy life expectancy

- Loughton, Buckhurst Hill & Chigwell PCN has a lower rate of admissions for self-harm compared with both Place and ICB.
- When looking at the data it should be noted that the numbers at PCN level are small and therefore more fluctuation between the years will be seen.
- The data will continue to be monitored at wider HCP and ICB footprints.

